Executive Summary Report

As Per CRZ Notification of 6thJanuary' 2011, Under Item No. – 08 V (D) (C) 4

For:

Residential Building (Redevelopment Project Of Slum Rehabilitation Structure)

Under Reg. No. 33 (10). Of D.C.R 2034 for Mumbai City.

Project Location:

Plot Bearing C.S. No. 5 (Pt) & 15 (Pt), V. B. Worlikar Marg, Worli Division, Adarsh Nagar Janata Colony, G / South Ward, Worli, Mumbai – 400 030, Namely, "Worli Adarsh Nagar Sagar Darshan SRA CHS Ltd."

Proponent:

M/s Chintaharni Chintpurni Realtors LLP.
C/o Sarkar Group

B/17/18, Ground Floor, Bhagnari Co-Op Housing Society, Chunabhatti, Deccan & Causeway Road, Mumbai – 400 022

Presented By: Abhishek Poreddiwar

Environment / C.R.Z Consultant

Index

Sr. No.		Content	Page No.
1		Objectives	3
2	The Project		4
	2.1	Introduction	4
	2.2	Location	5
	2.3	Topography	7
	2.4	Baseline Data	7
	2.5	Coastal Zone Management Plan	10
	2.6	Ecology	12
	2.7	Geology	12
	2.8	Traffic Pattern	12
	2.9	Proposed Activities / Area Statement	12
	2.10	Location Advantages	15
3		Constructional Phase	16
	3.1	Utilities	16
	3.2	Construction Procedures	18
	3.3	Environment	19
4		Operational Phase	25
	4.1	Utilities	25
	4.2	Environment	28
	4.3	Traffic Management	30
	4.4	Disaster Management	31
	4.5	Safety	31
	4.6	Fire Protection	32
	4.7	Socio-Economic	32
5		Conclusion	33

- To establish the base line Environmental Conditions on the project site based on available data.
- To identify the Significant Environmental Impact & any Special Issues associated with the proposed project, in the Check List format.
- To provide brief Environmental Management Plan to mitigate the adverse impact due to proposed development.
- * <u>Simple Checklists Method of Impact Assessment And Anticipated Consequences</u> has been employed in the below summary.

In this method experts prepare comprehensive lists of environmental effects as envisaged from the information available about the project activity. This kind of list provides clues for further detailed analysis and induces thoughts about anticipated effects. This list has to be perfect otherwise some factors may be missed out. However maximum care has been taken in preparing this Environment Report to avoid such lacunae.

There should be no reason to doubt the completeness of this list because huge reference material is already available in the literature for this purpose, besides if some points are missed out then they may be incorporated at a later stage.

The environment impact prediction is done based on;

- a) Magnitude of Impact
- b) Extent of Impact
- c) Duration of Impact.

Using the above information an Evaluation of the Environmental Impact is made.

In order to mitigate the results of this evaluation an <u>Environmental Management Plan</u> has then been proposed.

2.1 INTRODUCTION:

M/s Chintaharni Chintpurni Realtors LLP., C/o Sarkar Group, is proposing redevelopment of old SRA structure "Worli Adarsh Nagar Sagar Darshan SRA CHS Ltd.", consisting of 120 above ground residential structures and 21 shops, situated on Plot Bearing C.S. No. 5 (Pt) & 15 (Pt), Worli Division, Adarsh Nagar Janata Colony, G / South Ward, Worli, Mumbai – 400 030,. The site falls in CRZ – II area as per approved CZMP of 2011' CRZ Notification for Mumbai and is located on the Landward side of existing SR structures namely Adarsh Nagar Janata Colony and is on the Seaward side of 18.40 Ft. wide V.B Worlikar Marg.

Existing S.R.A Structures Images:







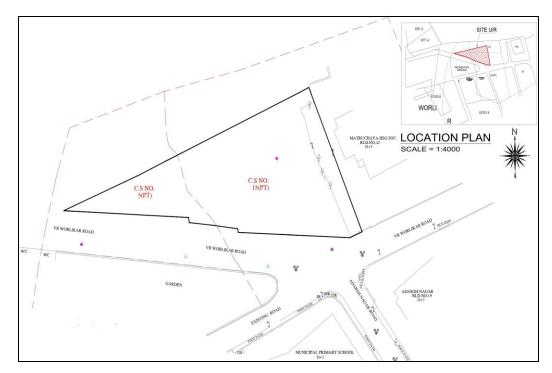


Source: Setsquare Architects

2.2 LOCATION:

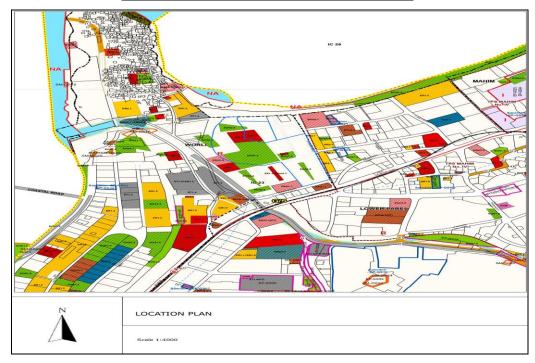
The project is located on C.S. No. 5(Pt.) and 15(Pt.), Worli Division, G/South Ward, V.B. Worlikar Marg, Mumbai – 400 030. The plot is about 3.6 K.M. away from Prabhadevi Railway Station and 12.40 K.M. from Chatrapati Shivaji Maharaj International Airport by road.

Cadastral Survey Map:

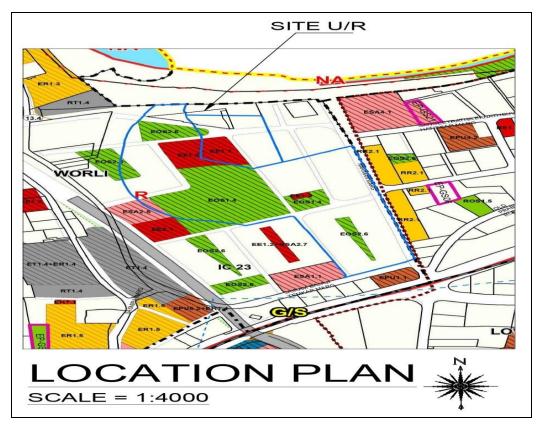


Source: Setsquare Architects

Development Plan Map (1:4000 Scale):



Source: D.P. Dept., MCGM



Source: Chintaharni Chintpurni Realtors LLP. / Setsquare Architects / D.P. Dept., MCGM

2.3 TOPOGRAPHY:

As proposed project is Redevelopment. Existing structures are Residential and shops and proposed one will also be residential in nature along with shops, hence there will not be any change in Land use during excavation for building foundation up to building footprint only. Remaining land area will not be disturbed. Natural Topography will be retained. Top soil will be preserved during construction and reused in landscaping work.

2.4 BASELINE DATA:

2.4.1 METEROLOGICAL DATA:

The project area has the following values of various parameters as mentioned in the table below: –

Parameter Values (Year - 2019):

Parameter	Values		
Temperature	Minimum 18 °C Maximum 40 °C		
Relative Humidity	Minimum 27%	Maximum 70%	
Rainfall	3453 mm		

Source: IMD

Out of total rainfall, 80% rainfall is experienced during July to September.

2.4.2 LAND ENVIRONMENT:

The region is situated on plan terrain. The soil and sub surface is non-rocky. Topographically the region is flat terrain and there is no major level difference at the site.

2.4.3 AIR ENVIRONMENT:

The general air environment is good; due to sea-breeze, since the site is located close to the Arabian Sea, the major pollutants caused due to Vehicular Emissions are swept away.

To establish the baseline scenario of ambient air quality in the region a study was conducted.

The results of ambient air quality show the levels at different locations in the study area as conducted by *Maharashtra Pollution Control Board*, and are presented below;

Air Quality Testing (AQI) 6th Feb'2021, Saturday, 5.30 PM:

Paramet	PM 10	PM 2.5	NO ₂	SO ₂	CO	O3	NH ₃
ers	(µg/m³	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m ³)	(mg/m ³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³
Location))
s							
Vile Parle	149	108	41	1	180	25	2
Worli	111	115	44	48	35	0	5
Sion	151	93	135	16	28	65	5
Colaba	64	59	67	22	55	0	4

Source: MPCB

2.4.4 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

Hydro geologically this region is sound. The main source of water is Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai.

a) Surface Water

The study area is a region of high rainfall. The nearest major surface water source is the Arabian Sea.

b) Ground Water

Various ground water sources in the study region consist of Bore wells, Open Wells and Tube Wells. Moreover, Rain Water Harvesting has been planned to recharge the ground water after completion of construction.

Water Quality Index for WQMS monitoring Sea and Creek water:

Program	Station ID	River/Nalla	Station Name	Village	Taluka	District
NWMP	2167	Sea	Sea Water at Worli Seaface	Worli	Worli	Mumbai

Month 2017 - 2018	Water Quality Index
Apr	51
May	44
Jun	45
Jul	50
Aug	50
Sep	48
Oct	49
Nov	42
Dec	44
Jan	45
Feb	43
Mar	48

Source: MPCB

2.4.5 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Noise of Vehicular traffic is the main source of noise at the project site.

Noise quality was monitored at 4 different locations and the noise levels vary depending upon time i.e. Day or Night.

Below is the Noise Quality Data in the study area.

Ambient Noise Level in Mumbai (Oct' 2019):

Param	eters	Day Time Leq	Night Time Leq (db)
Locations	Month & Year	(db) A	Α
Girgaon (Metro	October' 19	72.4	64.7
Cinema)			
Worli (New	October' 19	69.2	57.9
Passport Office)			
Prabhadevi	October' 19	62.9	52.1
(Siddhivinayak			
Mandir)			
Mahim (Police	October' 19	64.6	61.2
Colony)			
Permissib	le Limits	<75	<70

Source: MPCB

2.4.6 LAND USE AND SOIL:

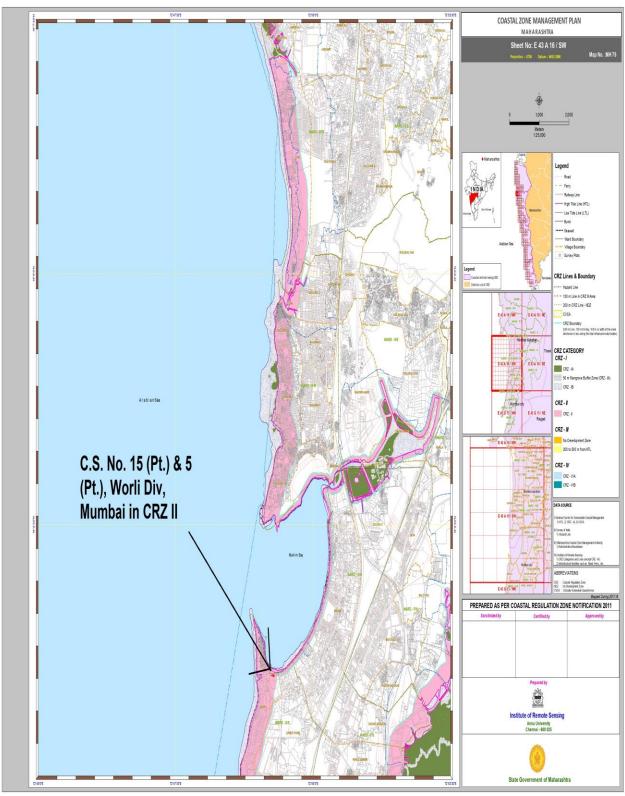
The study area is pre-dominantly a well developed urban agglomeration and hence the land use is essentially Residential in nature. The soil quality analyzed indicates that mainly it is plain terrain. The surface soil type is non-rocky; it is a mixture of gravel, small boulders and Grayish to Yellowish Clayey Soil. The land is situated in mixed zone.

2.5 COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT PLAN:

This project is redevelopment of SRA structures. Sea water will not be affected as generated solid wastes will be disposed as per the MCGM norms. There is established infrastructure already provided by MCGM such as under ground drainage, sewage and drinking water pipe lines.

The Coastal Ecology will not be affected in any way. Moreover, the existing conditions at the sea-coast level are pleasant compared to other locations as the solid waste is not being dumped along the coastal-line. There is no chance of finding any endangered species near the sea-coastal area.

Coastal Zone Management Plan ' 2011(1:25,000 Scale):



Source: I.R.S., Chennai / MCZMA

2.6 ECOLOGY:

Assessment of existing environmental status; flora, fauna, demographic, Socio-Economic factors and land use pattern within an area of 7 Kms radius from the proposed site was done.

The Flora and Fauna in and around the subject plot consists of various types of trees, shrubs and herbs, climber, common birds such as crows, pigeons, sparrows etc and animals.

The plot has some trees which are mostly in the periphery of the site. These will be retained during the redevelopment.

2.7 GEOLOGY:

Mumbai is classified under the Seismic Zone III of the Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) 2000. Construction of the entire building will be Earthquake Resistant. It shall comply with the required IS Specifications for Construction in Seismic Zone III. Geotechnical investigations are done and stratum has safe bearing capacity more than 20 T/Sq Mtrs. at 1.5 Mtrs. depth.

2.8 TRAFFIC PATTERN:

The traffic survey to ascertain the traffic density in the study area was conducted for one day at V.B. Worlikar Marg, near the project site. The traffic survey was carried out covering both opposing directions. The number of vehicles is presented in the following table;

Vehicular Traffic Data:

Date	Cars/ Jeeps	Buses / Tempos/ LCV	Two Wheelers
06/02/2021	50	12	78
07/02/2021	32	9	83
Average	41	11	81

Source: Setsquare Architects

It is observed that the road is 18.40 Mtrs wide. The road is used to connect Adarsh Nagar Road and Prabhadevi New Road. During peak hours maximum traffic on V.B. Worlikar Marg is light to moderate.

2.9 PROPOSED ACTIVITIES:

The proposed area of the plot redevelopment of residential building is admeasuring about 2563.40 Sq. Mt. The details of which are as follows;

Area Statement:

Sr.	Description	Area (Sq. mt.)
No.	·	, , ,
1.	Plot Area	2563.40
2	Deductions (for Road Set Back, D.P. Road, etc.)	
	A. Area of Reservation in Plot	
	B. Area of Road Set Back	480.10
	C. Area of D.P. Road	
3.	Net Plot Area (1-2)	2083.10
4.	Addition:- b) Road set-back	480.10
5.	Total Plot area for F.S.I. Statement (3+4)	2563.40
6.	FSI Permissible in-situ	4.00
7.	Permissible Built up Area (5x6)	10253.60
8.	Rehab Built up Area	4334.47
9.	Rehab Component	6162.42
10.	Sale Component	6162.42
11.	A) Proposed Residential sale area	6152.64
	B) Rehab Commercial excess BUA Counted in fsi	9.78
12.	Total Proposed Sale BUA (11a+11b)	6162.42
13.	ADD:- For 35% Fungible Area (6162.42x0.35)= 2156.84	2151.04
14.	Total Sale Proposed F.S.I Including Fungible (12+13)	8313.46

Proposed Development (A):

01	Residential Building [Ground + 1 st to 45 th Upper Floors]	01 Building (2
		Wings – Rehab
		& Sale)
02	Tenements (Nos.) Residential + Commercial + Amenities	219 + 22 + 5 =
		246 Nos.
03	Height of Building from Ground Level	152.10 mtr.
04	Parking Required As Per MCGM (Nos.)	125 nos
05	Parking Provided (Nos.)	147 nos
06	Area required for Electrical Sub Station (m²)	Nil
07	Salient Features of the Project -	
01		
	Earthquake Resistant Building Structure	
	Eco-Friendly Measures, Use of Fly Ash	
	Leo-i fichaly weasures, Ose of Fly Asir	
	Optimum Use of Timber	
	Rainwater Harvesting	

Source: Setsquare Architects

Proposed Development (B) {Tenement Statement}:

Floor	Floor No. Of Tenements		Туре
	REHAB	SALE	
Ground	11	01	Commercial + Parking
First	10		Commercial + Parking
2 nd	04		Amenities + Parking
3 rd	04		Amenities+ Residential.+ Parking
4 th	04		Residential + Parking
5 th to 7 th	(3 Flr. x 4)=12		Residential + Parking
8 th (Refuge) 9 th to 10 th	03		Residential + Parking
9 th to 10 th	(2 Flr. x 4)=08		Residential + Parking
11 th to 14 th	(4 Flr. x 5)=20	(4 Flr. x 3)=12	Residential
15 th Refuge	03	02	Residential
16 th to 21 st	(6 Flr. x 5)=30	(6 Flr. x 3)=18	Residential
22 nd Refuge	03	02	Residential
23 rd to 28 th	(6 Flr. x 5)=30	(6 Flr. x 3)=18	Residential
29 th Refuge	04	02	Residential
30 th to 35 th		(6 Flr. x 3)=18	Residential
36 th Refuge		02	Residential
37 th to 42 nd		(6 Flr. x 3)=18	Residential
43 rd Refuge		02	Residential
44 th		03	Residential
45 th	02 Residential		Residential
TOTAL	146	100	
	246 Units		

Source: Setsquare Architects

Car Parking Statement:

Parking Area Statement (Rehab Wing)						
Area	Parking Required	No. Of Flats	Permissible			
			Parking			
Below 45 Sq.Mt	1 For 8 Flats	158 / 8	20 Nos.			
(
Rehab)						
Total		158 Nos	20 Nos.			
25% Visitors Park	ring		05 Nos.			
Commercial	Area/150.00	267.66 / 150	2 Nos.			
10% Visitors Park	ting (Minimum 2 Nos)		2 Nos.			
Parking Required	For Rehab Wing		29 Nos.			
Total Parking Pro	vided		30 Nos.			
	Parking Area Sta	tement (Sale Wing)				
Area	Parking Required	No. Of Flats	Permissible			
			Parking			
Below 45 Sq.Mt	1 For 4 Flats	Nil	Nil			
45 To 60 Sq.Mt	1 For 2 Flat	64 Nos	32 Nos			

60 To 90 Sq.Mt	1 For 1 Flat	35 Nos	35 Nos		
Above 90 Sq.Mt	2 For 1 Flat	Nil	Nil		
Total		99 Nos	67 Nos		
25% Visitors Park	ting		17 Nos		
Commercial	Area /	379.67 /	10 Nos		
	40	40			
10% Visitors Park	10% Visitors Parking (Minimum 2 Nos) 02 Nos				
Parking Required For Sale Wing 96 Nos					
Total Parking Pro	vided		117 Nos		

Source: Setsquare Architects

2.10 LOCATION ADVANTAGES:

The plot is located in a high density residential area. The plot is about 3.6 km away from Prabhadevi Railway Station and 10 Mtrs. away from Worli Koliwada Bus Depot. The area is well developed from Residential point of view.

Google Location Map:



Source: Google Earth

3) CONSTRUCTIONAL PHASE

The type of Construction Material and Equipment used during the construction phase and skilled persons involved in various construction activities on the field affect the status of environment to a great extent. The impact of construction activities on various components of environment in the project site and surrounding area is predicted in this section.

3.1 UTILITIES:

The Utilities required during the construction phase are Water, Power, Fuel and Labour.

- **3.1.1** WATER: (Expected Consumption Total 3 KLD (Kilo Liter / Day) For Construction.
 - 1) Source: Water will be made available by Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai (MCGM).
 - Storage: Water for construction will be available from Water Tanker and Drinking Water for persons working on the field will be obtained from MCGM and it will be stored in tanks made up of HDPE.

3.1.2 POWER: (Expected Consumption – about (45 kW))

- An Electricity supply of 45 kW will be available from BEST. It is mainly required for some construction equipments, material lift, hoist, general lighting etc.
- 2) All appropriate Fire & Safety measures will be taken and will be supervised by an Expert in the concerned field.

3.1.3 FUEL:

Diesel (31 liters / day) will be required during excavation stage. Post excavation requirement of the same will be 10 lit / day.

All the equipments are electrically driven except JCB, Poclain and Concrete Mixers.

3.1.4 MANPOWER, (Expected Manpower – 25):

Approximately 25 persons will be working during the peak time of construction phase. These persons will be on the project site in 0800 hrs day shift. Except Security Personnel, who will be on the field round the clock for twenty-four hours in 12 hours shift.

3.1.5 LIST OF MATERIALS:

The Construction material required for the proposed redevelopment is given below.

Sr.	Item	Unit	Quantity	Source	Process
No.					
01.	Grey Cement	MT	700	Silica, CaSio2	Heating, Grinding
02.	Reinforcement	MT	168	Ingots / iron	Casting / TMT
	Steel			Ores	_
03.	Sand &	MT	155	River Bed /	Crushing
	Aggregate			Silpoz	_
				·	
04.	Standard Bricks	MT	1200	Red Soil	Heating, Moulding
05.	Timber	CFT	115	Forest	Cutting & Trimming

Source: Setsquare Architects

Note.

- a] Source: The material required for construction activities shall be procured from authorized / approved vendors only. The vendor's performance will be monitored periodically. In case of urgency or non-availability of materials from authorized / approved vendors, it will be procured from the open market to maintain the pace of the work. The mode of transport for above materials will be by trucks and / or by tempos.
- b] Storage: All the construction material shall be stored in Temporary Bins and / or *Godowns* constructed on site. Material will be segregated and kept / stored at identified area with proper safety / security precautions.
- c] Safety: All the safety and security majors shall be observed at construction site.

3.1.6 LIST OF EQUIPMENTS:

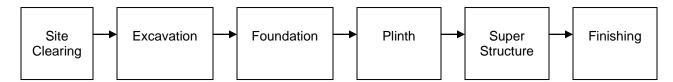
The construction Equipments required for the Residential building is given below.

Sr.	Equipments	Nos	Operation	Duration
No.				
01.	JCB, Poclain	1	Diesel	Short
02.	Dumpers	2	Diesel	Short
03.	Goods lifts / Personnel	1	Electric	Total
04.	Vibrators	4	Electric	Total
05.	Dewatering Pumps	1	Electric	Total
06.	Concrete Mixers	1	Electric	Total
07.	Wood Cutting Machine	1	Electric	Total
08.	Drill Machine	1	Electric	Total

Source: Setsquare Architects

3.2. CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES:

The outline of the construction procedure is described below schematically.



Note:-

- The project is expected to be completed within three years (Maximum) period. Construction Parameters and Quality will be strictly adhered to as per National Building Code and as per the Structural Design provided by the RCC Consultants, under his Supervision and Control. All the regulations of government authorities will be followed.
- 2] All the safety precaution will be observed as per the guidelines during the construction phase. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) will be provided to all the personnel involved in the construction activities.
- 3] Site barricading by Corrugated Tin Sheets up to height of 5.0 Mtr will be done to protect the surrounding area of the project site from nuisance of dust.
- 4] All electrical connections & cables will be checked by authorized persons / electricians to ensure the safety of workers on field.
- Water sprinkling will be done, wherever required to reduce dust in atmosphere.

 Plot boundary of Corrugated Tin Sheets of 5.0 Mtr height shall be provided to minimize noise level from construction activities.
- 6] The safety and security officers shall supervise the site periodically.

- 7] Safety helmets will be mandatory to all the persons present on the site during the construction activities.
- 8] Hand Gloves, Dust Masks and Welding Goggles will be provided to persons handling construction materials during the operation.
- 9] Safety belts will be provided to the persons working at height during the operation.
- Safety nets will be arranged at a height of about 5.0 Mtr when the structure gets raised above the required height from the ground.
- Scaffolding will be erected in all directions around the entire building at distance of 1 Mtr from the building and it will be covered with Hessian Cloth, to protect from dust / noise and any loose articles from falling outside.
- 12] Warning Boards will be displayed at prominent places.
- 13] First Aid Box will be kept at site.
- 14] All personnel will be covered under Insurance Policy.
- 15] Sufficient fire extinguishers will be kept on site.

3.3 ENVIRONMENT:

The impact of construction, on various Environmental Components is predicted below.

3.3.1. WATER POLLUTION:

3.3.1.1 Expected Effluent Generation: -

The proposed water balance is presented below.

	WATER BALANCE (DURING CONSTRUCTION PHASE)						
Sr. No.	Consumption	Input KLD	Loss KLD	Effluent KLD			
01.	Construction Activity	3	2.97	0.03			
02.	Domestic (25 Site Workers)	0.25	0.20	0.05			
	Total	3.25	3.17	0.08			

Source: Setsquare Architects

- Use: The MCGM water will be used for domestic purpose i.e. drinking water for staff and laborers working on the field whereas Water Tanker water will be used for various construction activities like Concreting, Plastering, Flooring & Finishing etc.
- 2) Effluent: There will be negligible amount of effluent generated from construction activities as the water used for Concreting, Plastering, Flooring and Finishing etc. will get evaporated / absorbed during drying / curing time. All the construction activities are physical in nature. The Domestic Effluent will be generated due to the persons working on the site who would require water for Drinking, Cleaning, Bathing etc.

3.3.1.2 Treatment & Disposal: -

The Domestic Effluent generated in construction phase will be disposed off in existing MCGM Sewer, who levies extra Sewerage Tax during construction period for this purpose with the Land Under Construction (LUC) Tax.

3.3.2. AIR POLLUTION:

3.3.2.1 Emission: -

Source Emission: - The source of Air Emissions is usually from the use of some equipment like Concrete Pumps, Mixers etc. which consume Diesel as fuel during their operation and emit Carbon Monoxide, Hydrocarbons, Oxides of Nitrogen and Particulate Matter etc. however mostly electrically operated equipment will be used. Fugitive Emissions I.e. Emissions from Construction Activities will be mainly of Dust. Movement of Heavy & Light vehicles, for loading and unloading of construction Material, etc. will also add to the list of emissions.

Source / Factor	Range	CPCB Limits	Average Range Before Activity	Average Range During Activity
SPM (µg / m³)	60 - 150	60	30 - 50	100 - 150
RSPM (μg / m³)	50 -100	100	50 - 60	90-100
SO2 (μg / m ³)	20-40	80	10-15	10-15
NOx (μg / m³)	20-40	80	5-10	5-10

3.3.2.2. Mitigation: -

Sr.	SOURCE		MITIGATION
No.			
		l]	All the vehicles coming to the site will be ensured to be in good condition having PUC.
01.	Vehicle	II]	Public awareness to use Green Fuel will be done.
		III]	Vehicles will be checked for compliance for Bharat Stage II engines.
		IJ	Noise / Dust nuisance preventions by barricading site up to 5.0 Meter height by G.I. Sheets.
02.	Construction	II]	Water sprinkling on dry site, sand.
	Activities	III]	Maximum use of electrical driven construction equipment with Regular Maintenance.
		IV]	Covering entire building by Hessian Cloth will reduce dust pollution.

- It is evident from the nature of operation (i.e. Construction) that the Concentration of Suspended Particulate Matter due to Dust would be higher than the other two parameters.
- Control of Emission: Proper precaution will be taken to reduce the Particulate Matter by water sprinkling on the dry site area, barricading the periphery by Corrugated Tin Sheets of 5.0 Mtrs height and erecting

scaffolding around the building and covering with Hessian Cloth to protect the surrounding area from dust.

The pollution generated will be controlled by, allowing vehicles that will comply with Mass Emission Standard (Bharat Stage – V) stipulated by Central Pollution Control Board – Ministry of Environment & Forest, New Delhi. Also it will be ensured that the vehicles will carry PUC certificate. To minimize Air Pollution, efforts shall be made by use of equipment, which are electric power driven.

3.3.3 NOISE POLLUTION:

3.3.3.1 Level: -

LOCATION	RANGE dB (A)
At 1 meter distance from source (Equipment)	80 to 90
At plot boundary	60 to 70
Traffic at site	70 to 90
National Ambient Noise Quality Standards (for Residential Zone)	<75

3.3.3.2 Mitigation: -

Sr. No.	SOURCE	MITIGATION
		I] All the equipment will be run during daytime only.
01.	Construction Equipment	II] Lubrication will be applied to all the equipment at proper intervals, for smooth functioning and reduction in noise due to friction.
		I] Work will be carried out during daytime only i.e. 7 AM to 7 PM.
02.	Construction Activities	II] Site Barricading with Corrugated Tin Sheets will be done to protect the surrounding area from emanating noise.
		I] All the vehicles coming to the site will be ensured to be in good condition and well
03.	Construction	oiled to reduce noise due to friction.
	Vehicles	II] Smooth Roads will be maintained in the project site.

3.3.4. SOLID WASTE:

- 1] Normal debris, waste concrete, soil, broken bricks, waste plasters etc. will be collected properly and will be reused for land filling in the premises. Remaining debris will be dumped on the locations identified by the MCGM, after obtaining their permission and payment of requisite fees.
- 2] Food waste and other Biodegradable Waste (Quantity about 10 Kg per day) will be segregated properly and stored in a separate bin and will be disposed off as per MCGM rules.
- 3] Metallic Waste and Paper Waste will be collected separately and will be salvaged or recycled or sold to authorized recyclers.

3.3.5. HAZARDOUS WASTE:

Hazardous Waste as Waste Machine Oil (quantity about 10 Kg per Month) will be collected in a drum with proper identification and will be reused as shuttering oil during construction.

3.3.6. TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT:

- Storage and Godown area will be properly identified.
- There will be about 5.8 Mtr. wide space for movement of vehicles and parking.
- The area for loading and unloading will be located at proper demarcated location in the premises.
- Thus the traffic management on the project site will be easily and smoothly monitored without any hindrance to the regular flow of traffic on the main road.

3.3.7. SAFETY AND FIRE PROTECTION:

 First Aid and Medical facilities will be provided to all concerned people working on the site. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) like Helmets, Hand Gloves, Safety Shoes, Dust Masks, Ear Plugs, Welding Goggles etc. will be provided to all persons working on the field as per the requirement.

- Proper precautions will be taken for handling electrical installation, cables and electrical connections to avoid short circuit and electrical shocks.
- Fire protection equipment like Sand Buckets and Fire Extinguishers will be installed wherever required.
- All the workers are covered under Insurance Policy.
- Periodic Medical Check Up of Workers for Lungs / Eyes / Ears.

4) OPERATIONAL PHASE:

After completion of construction phase of the project, the necessary permissions, NOCs from concerned Government Authorities will be obtained and the project will be ready for residential use. The residential building will have average population of 937 persons.

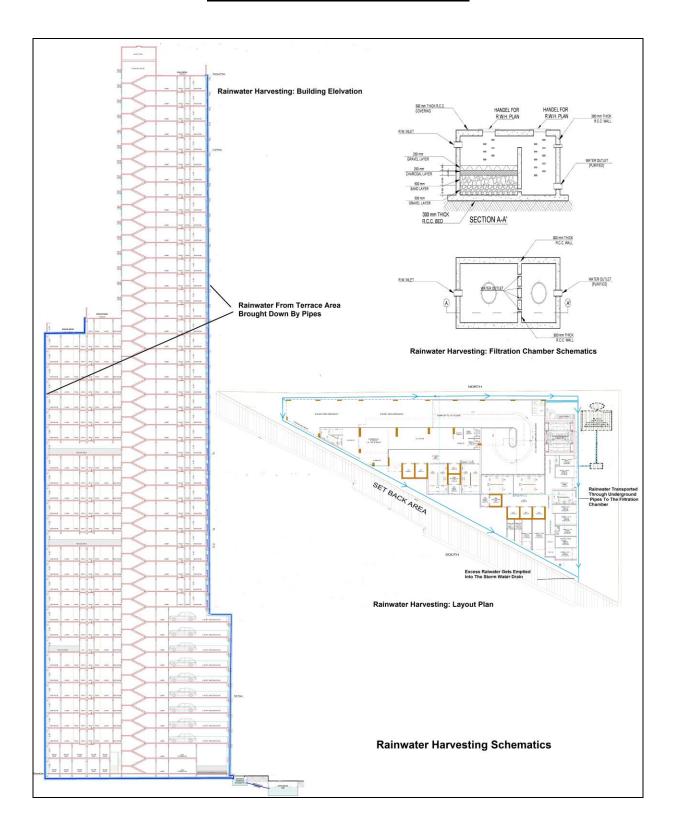
4.1 UTILITIES:

The Utilities required during the Operational Phase are as under.

- **4.1.1** WATER (Expected Consumption total 120.37 m³ per day (Excl .FF reserve as directed by CFO):
 - 1] Source: Water will be available from Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai (MCGM). Water conservation plan will be implemented as per MCGM norms to save the resources.
 - 2] Storage: Water for building will be stored in a closed underground Tank of 1 Lakh Litres capacity constructed at the site. It will be then distributed to the overhead tanks, constructed on the terrace of the buildings through the network.
 - 3] Rain water harvesting system will be provided. Rainwater collected from the terrace area will be filtered through the Filtration Chamber and then stored in an underground tank. This will be used for Non-Potable purposes such as car washing.

	Previous	Proposed
Description	Total Plot Area	Terrace Area
Area (Square. Meters.)	2563.40	764
Co-efficient	0.6	0.85
Total Annual Rainfall (Meters)	2.3	2.3
Volume (m³)	3538	1494

Rainwater Harvesting Schematics:



- 4] About 120.37 m³ / Day water will be consumed of which 82.45 m³ will be for domestic purpose, 37.92 m³ for flushing.
- 5] Fire Fighting reserve as directed by Chief Fire Officer.

4.1.2. POWER (Expected Consumption – about. 110 kW / Month):

- 1] Electrical supply of 110 kW / Month will be available from BEST.
- 2] D.G. Set of 250 KVA (4500 X 1650 X 2000) MM capacity will be provided as a standby source of Electric Supply as per CFO requirement.
- 3] All Fire & Safety measures will be taken as directed by the concerned Authority.

Energy Saving Measures:

- Energy Efficient Fluorescent bulb lights which give approximately 30%
 more light output for the same Wattage and therefore require less number
 of fixtures and corresponding lower point wiring costs will be used for
 common areas.
- CFLs and / or LED fixtures will be incorporated in corridors, toilets and all circulation areas.
- Use of Solar Water heating systems will be promoted.
- Checking all sealing / closing of doors in A/C areas.
- Monitoring of daily consumption and recording of maximum demand will be done.

4.1.3 FUEL:

Diesel will be required to run D.G. Set of 250 KVA (4500 X 1650 X 2000) MM capacity in case of power switch off, hence quantity of diesel consumed will vary depending upon the usage of DG set.

- 1] Storage: Diesel and oil will be stored in drums / tins with proper identification mark / labels, in identified area only.
- 2] Fire and Safety measures will be taken as per the guidelines from concerned authority.

3] All safety and fire precautions will be followed.

4.1.4 POPULATION (Expected Population – Approx. 937):

1] There will be about 791 persons in the Residential Building. Persons for Security Services, Building Maintenance Staff, Shopkeepers, Shop Staff, Visitors etc. will be extra.

4.2 **ENVIRONMENT**:

The impact of day to day activities on various Environmental Components is predicted below.

4.2.1 WATER POLLUTION (Expected Effluent generation 114.35 m³/ day): The Proposed Water balance is presented below.

Sr. No	Application	Consumption Load (Persons)	Rate of Supply (lpcd)	Supply CMD	Loss CMD	Sewage CMD
1.	Residential Population {3 BHK @ 5 Person / Tenement, and	4 X 64 = 256	100 (Domestic)	79.1	3.95	75.14
	2 BHK @ 4 Person / Tenement and 1 BHK @ 3 Person / Tenement),} (Incl. Servants)	Total = 791	45 (Flushing)	35.6	1.77	33.82
2.	Security & Service Personnel, Building Maintenance Staff	8	25 (Domestic)	0.2	0.01	0.19
			20 (Flushing)	0.16	0.008	0.152
3.	Amenities / Miscellaneous	4 X 5 = 20	25 (Domestic)	0.5	0.025	0.475
	(@ 4 Persons / Amenity)		20 (Flushing)	0.4	0.02	0.38
4.	Shop(@ 4 Persons / Shop)	4 X 22 = 88	25 (Domestic)	2.2	0.11	2.09
			20 (Flushing)	1.76	0.088	1.672

5.	Visitors	30		15	0.45	0.023	0.428
		Total	(1 + 2 +	3 + 4 + 5)	120.37	6	114.35

- Assumption 95 % sewage generation and 5 % loss from domestic use.
- 100% sewerage generation from flushing use.

IF INSISTED BY C.F.O.

Sr. No	Application	Consumption for		Quantity
01.	Fire Fighting	One Time	As per CFO	300 CUM

Note: - 300 m³ or as may be insisted by the CFO water will be reserved for fire fighting purposes. Fire fighting equipment will be ensured functioning properly ones in a month to keep the entire system operational in any eventuality.

Effluent Treatment & Disposal: - The Domestic Effluent (Water used for Bathing, from Washbasins, Kitchen Sinks etc.) of about 78.32 m³ per day will be generated from the building. It will be brought down by cast iron pipes. It will be treated in proposed Grey Water Treatment Plant and the treated water will be used for Non-Domestic use such as Flushing and Gardening. The Excess Treated Water and Sewage of 36.02 m³ per day will be disposed off in existing MCGM Sewer Line which in turn will be treated in the MCGM Sewage Treatment Plant in Worli.

4.2.2 AIR POLLUTION (Emission):

- 1] Source Emission: About 147 Cars are expected to be accommodated in the premises. The impact of these on Ambient Air is predicted below.
- 2] Use of CNG / LPG as fuel will be encouraged.
- 3] Ambient Air Quality (Expected Pollutants Level):-

PARAMETERS	RANGE	NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS (RESIDENTIAL ZONE)
Respirable Particulate Matter (µg / m³)	30 to 50	100
110 /		
Sulphur dioxide (µg / m ³)	10 to 30	80
Nox (µg / m ³)	10 to 30	80

Source: CPCB

4.2.3 NOISE POLLUTION (Expected Pollutants level):

- 1] Source: The source of noise will be from the operation of various equipment like, Pumps, Air Conditioning, D.G. Set etc.
- 2] Noise Level: The predicted Noise level at the site would be about 50 to 65 dB (A), at one meter distance from the source.
- 3] Control of Noise Pollution: All the source equipment will be housed in specially built closed cells or rooms.
- 4] Water pumps will be used when required.

4.2.4 SOLID WASTE (Expected Waste Generation 100 Kg / day):

- The Biodegradable solid waste will be in the tune of about 50 Kg / Day.
 Most of which will used for Vermicomposting.
- The Non Biodegradable waste of about 50 Kg / day like Plastic, Waste Bottles, Glass, Rubber, Drums, Metal, Paper Packing, Paper Cuttings, Scrubbings etc. will also be collected separately and disposed off as per MCGM rules.
- All waste will be collected in colour coded bins and will be placed at a designated area in the building premises.
- The practice of Reduce/Reuse/Recycle will be instilled in the inhabitants of the proposed building.

4.2.5 HAZARDOUS WASTE (Expected Waste generation 20 Kg / Month):

Domestic Hazardous Waste such as Aerosol Cans, Car Batteries, Household Cleaning & Draining Agents, Styrofoam, Thermometers etc. will be collected in Special Non-Corrosive Sealed Bins and safely disposed as per MCGM standards.

4.3 TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT:

About 147 Cars per day are expected to be accommodated in the premises.
 The parking space will be provided under level parking using longitudinal method. There will be smooth movement of cars.

- There will be 6 Mtr wide approach gate in the building from the 20 Mtrs.
 municipal road for movements of vehicles and parking.
- Traffic Management Plan System will be approved by concerned MCGM Authority.
- Thus the Traffic Management Plan system will be easily and smoothly monitored without any hindrance to the regular flow of traffic on the main road.

4.4 DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN:

- This provision is applicable in the present case only to Safety and Fire Hazard as it is a small Residential Project.
- The only hazards envisaged here are from Fire either due to Short Circuit or Gas Cylinder in the kitchen of individual houses. There are no manmade disasters expected. We have not considered here the natural disasters such as Flooding, Earthquake etc.
- However, flooding will not affect the existing Tenements as the building will be
 on stilts at the ground floor level and the structure as mentioned earlier is an
 Earthquake Resistant Building.

4.5. SAFETY:

- Construction of the entire complex will be Earthquake Resistant. It shall comply with the required Indian Standards Specifications for Construction in Seismic Zone III.
- First Aid and Medical Facilities will be provided to all the concerned personnel working in the complex premises in case of accidents.
- Proper precautions will be taken at all electrical installations, cables and electrical connections to avoid short circuit and electrical shocks. All cabling will be Fire Retardant Low Smoke (FRLS) types and wires will be run in metal conduits in the building.
- Lightning Protection will be provided to the building Structures, based on National Building Code of India '2005.

- All other Safety Measures as required by Concerned Government Authorities shall be complied with.
- Exhaust fans will be provided in Kitchens and Toilets of all Tenements.

4.6. FIRE PROTECTION:

- Fire Hydrant System will be provided based on NBC.
- Fire fighting equipments like sand buckets and extinguishers, will be provided wherever required in the Residential Complex.
- The Fire Fighting equipments / system will be installed and approved as per Chief Fire Officer of MCGM.
- Fire alarms will be provided on each floor.
- Manual Call Boxes will be strategically installed at stairwell and elevator exit location.
- Intercom System between floors at the helpdesk stations will be provided for all floors.
- Smoke Detectors will be provided in Kitchen area and Car Parking area.

4.7. SOCIO - ECONOMIC:

- The surrounding area will also be developed from residential point of view.
- This will create opportunity for employment, which is need of the hour.
- The proposed Redevelopment envisages demolition of slums / tenements with no drainage and water supply, with residents living in unhygienic and unsanitary conditions.
- A new building, with proper light and ventilation, new water pipe- lines and over all improve the quality of living of the existing slum dwellers.
- This will also aid in protecting the coastal ecology in the vicinity of the project area.

5) CONCLUSION:

Considering the impact identification, impact prediction and consequent evaluation of the impact as stated above it is clear that the project is of a very small size, it is in the legally permitted Land Use Zone, the surrounding area is Fully Developed Urban Area with the Best Infrastructure Facilities such as Water Supply, Sewage Lines, Electricity Supply, Solid Waste Collection etc. Therefore the proposed project will have no meaningful adverse impact on the environment and the surrounding area of the project site.

All necessary pollution control measures are planned for the management of waste water and solid waste generation in the proposed building.

Under the circumstances the project may be cleared for the construction and establishment of the new Residential Building as per prevailing Development Control Rules of Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai.