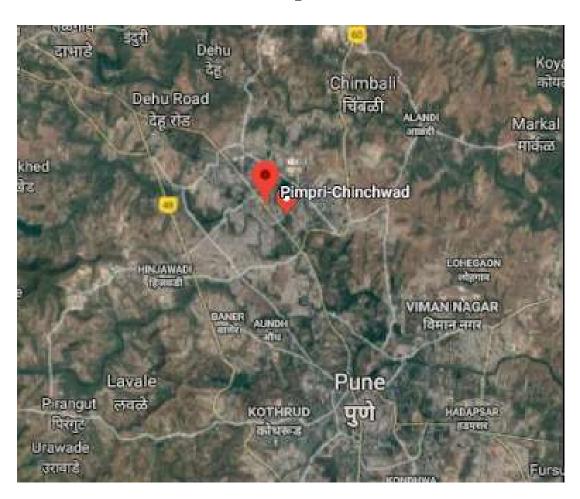
# ACTION PLAN FOR INDUSTRIAL CLUSTER IN SEVERLY POLLUTED AREA

Monitoring, sampling, analysis of Stack, Ambient Air Quality, Surface Water, Ground Water, Waste Water

## पिंपरी-चिंचवड Pimpri-Chinchwad



## **Maharashtra Pollution Control Board**

Kalptaru Point, Sion East, Mumbai - 400022 June, 2019

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We also thank our sampling team members for conducting the sampling in this vast area.

#### **Abbreviations:**

**APHA** American Public Health Association

**BDL** Below Detection Limit

**BOD** Biochemical Oxygen Demand

**CEPI** Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index

**CETP** Common Effluent Treatment Plant

**COD** Chemical Oxygen Demand

**CPA** Critically Polluted Areas

**SPA** Severely Polluted Areas

**DO** Dissolved Oxygen

**ETP** Effluent Treatment Plant

MIBK Methyl Isobutyl Ketone

MPCB Maharashtra Pollution Control Board

**NAAQS** National Ambient Air Quality Standards

**NO**<sub>x</sub> Oxides of Nitrogen

**ND** Not Detected

**PAH** Poly Aromatic Hydrocarbons

**PCB** Poly Chlorinated Biphenyls

**PCT** Poly Chlorinated Terphenyls

**PM<sub>10</sub>** Particulate Matter (size less than 10 μm)

**PM<sub>2.5</sub>** Particulate Matter (size less than 2.5 μm)

**SO<sub>2</sub>** Sulphur Dioxide

**STAP** Short Term Action Plan

**WHO** World Health Organization

#### 1. Introduction:

The establishment of a diversified industrial structure depends upon a combination of large and small scale industries and the growing urban and rural population, and its devastating effect on air, water and land resources. The pollution load in respect of air quality is of relatively high order in metropolitan cities. It is associated with higher rates of several health disorders too. The development of manufacturing, especially near cities and industrial zones, is changing the environment and the natural composition of water. Pollution of natural environment not only affects people but also have adverse impact on economic growth in the long run. Analysis of pollution load shows that there are few industries in the country which contribute to more than 90percent of the pollution. Hence, scientists are exploring the quantum of pollution load as well as to device certain strategies and technologies so that our sustainable development would not be jeopardized otherwise our long cherished dream of establishing eco-socialism on this watery planet could not come true.

Industrial pollution takes on many faces. It contaminates many sources of drinking water, releases unwanted toxins into the air and reduces the quality of soil all over the world. Every litre of waste water discharged by our industries pollutes eight times the quantity of fresh water. The extent of pollution varies with the size of the industry, the nature of the industry, the type of products used and produced etc.

In view of this, Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) has evolved the concept of Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) during 2009-10 as a tool for comprehensive environmental assessment of prominent industrial clusters and formulation of remedial Action Plans for the identified critically polluted areas. The index captures the various dimensions of environment including air, water and land. Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI), which is a rational number to characterize the environmental quality at a given location following the algorithm of source, pathway and receptor have been developed. Later-on proposals were received from the SPCBs, State Governments, and Industrial Associations and concerned Stakeholders for revisiting the criteria of assessment under CEPI concept. After careful examination and consideration of the suggestions of concerned stake-holders, it was decided to prepare the revised concept of CEPI by eliminating the subjective factors but retaining the factors which can be measured precisely. Hence, revised concept came into existence, which is termed as Revised CEPI Version 2016.

The present report is also based on the revised CEPI version 2016. The results of the application of the Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) to selected industrial clusters or areas are presented in this report. The main objective of the study is to identify polluted industrial clusters or areas in order to take concerted action and to centrally monitor them at the national level to improve the current status of their environmental components such as air and water quality data, ecological damage, and visual environmental conditions. For the study, Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) has selected a total of 88 industrial areas or clusters in consultation with the Ministry of Environment & Forests Government of India. Out of these, 5 critically polluted industrial clusters namely Tarapur, Dombivali, Navi Mumbai, Aurangabad and Chandrapur, are identified and 3 severely polluted industrial clusters namely Pimpri-Chinchwad, Nashik and Chembur from Maharashtra are added into this list.

Pimpri-Chinchwad is part of Pune Metropolitan City in the state of Maharashtra, India. Pimpri-Chinchwad today is one of the major industrial hubs in Asia. Industrialization started in 1954 with the arrival of Hindustan Antibiotics Limited. PCMC is now home to the Indian operations of major automobile companies like Premier Limited, Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd., Mahindra Engineering services, Bajaj Auto, BEL Optronic Devices Limited, TATA Motors (formerly TELCO), Kinetic Engineering, Force Motors (formerly Bajaj Tempo) Daimler Chrysler, Thermax and Autoline Industries. In addition to this, several heavy industries such as Forbes-Marshall, ThyssenKrupp and GEA Ecoflex, Alfa Laval &

Sandvik Asia have their manufacturing units in the town and also the German company KSB Pumps, Swedish bearing company SKF.

#### 2. Scope of Work

The Scope of Work consisted of the following:

Monitoring, Sampling, Analysis for Stack, Ambient Air Quality, Surface Water, Waste Water, and Ground Water Quality for identified five Critically Polluted areas (CPAs) in Maharashtra i.e. **Chandrapur, Dombivli, Aurangabad, Navi Mumbai,** and **Tarapur** and 3 Severely Polluted areas (SPAs) in Maharashtra i.e. **Chembur, Pimpri-Chinchwad and Nashik** as per standard methods.

- At each of the 5 CPAs and 3 SPAs, 24 hourly ambient air quality monitoring to be carried out.
- Representative samples for surface water quality, waste water quality and ground water quality to be collected from prominent surface and ground water bodies located in and around the clusters/areas.
- Submission of complete monitoring, sampling and analysis reports including the summary of the parameters exceeding the prescribed standards/norms for all the 5 CPAs and 3 SPAs.
- Submission of 3 copies of final report with photographs at prominent locations and the CD (soft copy) on completion of the project for every critically polluted and severely polluted area separately.

Monitoring, Sampling, Analysis for Stack, Ambient Air Quality, Surface Water, Waste Water and Ground Water Quality for Pimpri-Chinchwad:

- The sampling was carried out in 6 days i.e. on 22<sup>nd</sup> February to & 27<sup>th</sup> February 2019 for Pimpri-Chinchwad region.
- A total of 6 Stack Monitoring Samples, 6 Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Samples, 6
  Waste Water Samples, 6 Ground Water Samples and 2 VOC Samples from Stack
  were collected and analyzed.

#### 2.1 Stack Emission Parameters

#### The Stack Emissions were analyzed with the following parameters:

- 1. Acid Mist
- 2. Ammonia
- 3. Carbon Monoxide
- 4. Chlorine
- 5. Fluoride(gaseous)
- 6. Fluoride (particulate)
- 7. Hydrogen Chloride

- 8. Hydrogen Sulphide
- 9. Oxides of Nitrogen
- 10. Oxygen
- 11. Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (Particulate)
- 12. Suspended Particulate Matter
- 13. Sulphur Dioxide
- 14. Benzene
- 15. Toluene
- 16. Xylene
- 17. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)

#### 2.2 Ambient Air Quality Parameters

#### The Ambient Air Quality was analyzed with the following parameters:

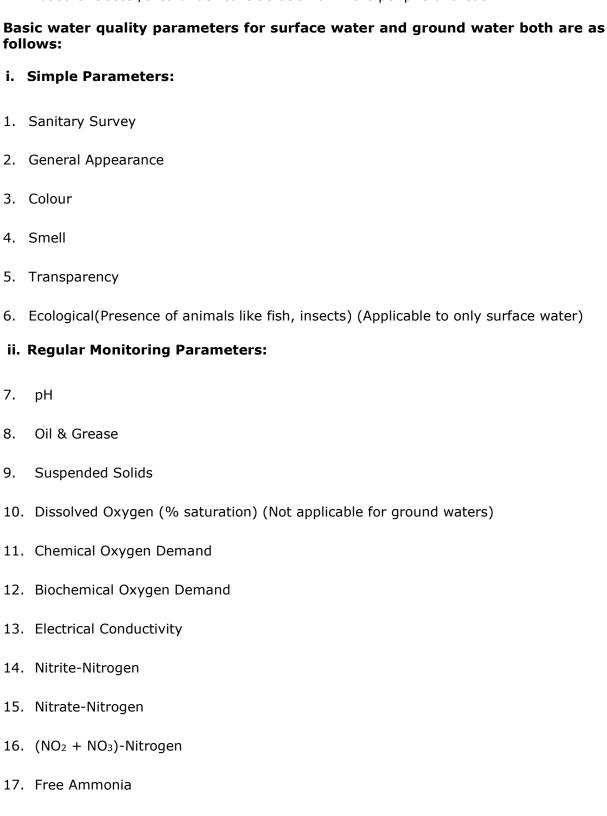
- 1. Sulphur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)
- 2. Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>)
- 3. Particulate Matter (PM10)
- 4. Particulate Matter (PM2.5)
- 5. Ozone  $(O_3)$
- 6. Lead (Pb)
- 7. Carbon Monoxide (CO)
- 8. Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>)
- 9. Benzene (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>)
- 10. Benzo (a) Pyrene (BaP) (Particulate Phase Only)
- 11. Arsenic (As)
- 12. Nickel (Ni)

#### 2.3 Water/Waste Water Parameters

#### The Water/Waste Water was analyzed with the following parameters:

a. Prominent Surface Water bodies such as outfalls of CETPs, ETPs, treated effluent drainage, river, canal, ponds, lakes and other such water supply resources flowing through the area or flowing adjoining the CPA.

b. Ground Water Quality data of prominent ground water resources such as observation wells of Central Ground Water Board, drinking water wells, hand pumps, bore wells, hand pumps, bore wells and other such water supply resources located in the industrial cluster/area under consideration or in the peripheral areas.



Pimpri-Chinchwad 8

18. Total Residual Chlorine

19. Cyanide

20.	Fluoride
21.	Sulphide
22.	Dissolved Phosphate
23.	Sodium Absorption Ratio (SAR)
24.	Total Coliforms (MPN/100 ml)
25.	Faecal Coliforms (MPN/100 ml)
iii. S	Special Parameters:
26.	Total Phosphorous
27.	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen(TKN)
28.	Total Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> +NH <sub>3</sub> )-Nitrogen
29.	Phenols
30.	Surface Active Agents
31.	Organo Chlorine Pesticides
32.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH)
33.	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)and Polychlorinated Terphenyls (PCT)
34.	Zinc
35.	Nickel
36.	Copper
37.	Hexavalent Chromium
38.	Chromium (Total)

- 39. Arsenic (Total)
- 40. Lead
- 41. Cadmium
- 42. Mercury
- 43. Manganese
- 44. Iron
- 45. Vanadium
- 46. Selenium
- 47. Boron

#### iv. Bioassay (Zebra Fish) Test: For specified samples only.

#### 2.3 Methodology followed in Sampling and Analysis

Industries, places and locations that have been chosen for the sampling are representative of the city/area. Sampling has been done at the potential polluted areas so as to arrive at the CEPI. This will further help the authorities to monitor the areas in order to improve the current status of their environmental components such as air and water quality data, ecological damage and visual environmental conditions. Methodology for sampling, preservation and analysis have been done according to the references incorporated. Methodology of various types of parameters is presented under following annexure:

- 1. Stack Emission Sampling and Analysis Methodology Annexure I
- 2. Ambient Air Sampling and Analysis Methodology Annexure II
- 3. Water/Wastewater Sampling and Analysis Methodology Annexure III

#### 3. Result of Analysis:

Results of Analysis are tabulated below for Stack Emission Monitoring, Ambient Air Quality Monitoring, Waste Water Analysis and Water Analysis. These are followed by their respective graphical representation.

#### \*Kindly note:

- NA specifies the sample is not analysed for the specific parameter.
- BDL specifies that the result obtained is below detection limit.

#### 3.1 Stack Emission:

Stack Emission Monitoring Results are compared against The Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 General Emission Standard - Part D.

Sr.	Name of Industry	Stack Identity	Table No.
1.	Alfa Laval (I) Pvt. Ltd.	Plant Booth	I
2.	Amphenol Interconnect India Pvt Ltd.	Stack 1	I
3.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	Melting Furnace	I
4.	Exide Industries Limited	Stack No.5- Strip Caster & Casting	11
5.	Rich Graviss Products Pvt Ltd.	Boiler	II
6.	Tata Motors	Boiler	II

<sup>\*</sup> The VOC result of stack emission is provided in Table No. III

#### Table No. I

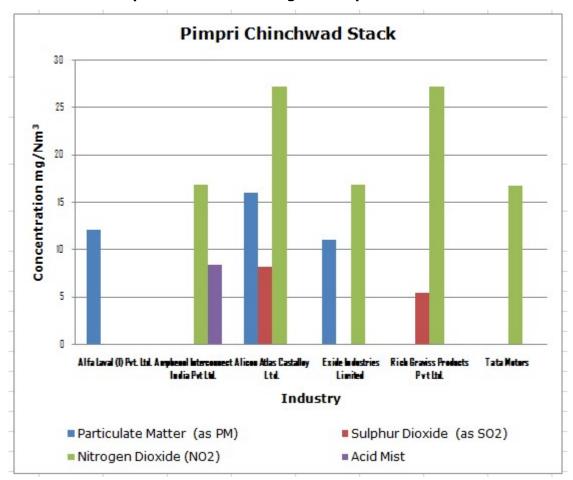
Nan	ne of Industry		Alfa Laval (I) Pvt. Ltd.	Amphenol Interconnect India Pvt Ltd.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.
Sr.	Parameter	Unit		Results	
1.	Particulate Matter (as PM)	mg/Nm³	12	BDL	16
	Std. Limit	mg/Nm³	150	150	150
2.	Sulphur Dioxide (as SO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/Nm³	BDL	BDL	8.13
		kg/day	BDL	BDL	1.4
	Std. Limit	mg/Nm³			100
3.	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/Nm³	BDL	16.8	27.1
	Std. Limit mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			50	50
4.	Acid Mist (as H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		BDL	8.38	BDL
	Std. Limit	mg/Nm³		35	

Table No. II

Nam	ne of Industry		Exide Industries Limited	Rich Graviss Products Pvt Ltd.	Tata Motors
Sr.	Parameter	Unit		Results	
1.	Particulate Matter (as PM) mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		11	BDL	BDL
	Std. Limit	mg/Nm³	150	150	150
2.	Sulphur Dioxide (as SO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/Nm³	BDL	5.42	BDL
		kg/day	BDL	0.789	BDL
	Std. Limit	mg/Nm³		100	
3.	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/Nm³	16.8	27.2	16.7
	Std. Limit	mg/Nm³	50	50	50
4.	Acid Mist (as H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/Nm³	BDL	BDL	BDL
	Std. Limit	mg/Nm³			

### Table No. III

Name	of Industry	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	Exide Industries Limited	
Sr.	Parameter	Unit	Res	ults
1.	VOC			
I.	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	mg/Nm³	BDL	BDL
II.	Benzene	mg/Nm³	BDL	BDL
III.	Toulene	mg/Nm³	BDL	BDL
IV.	Xylene	mg/Nm³	BDL	BDL
V.	Ethyl Benzene	mg/Nm³	BDL	BDL
VI.	Ethyl Acetate	mg/Nm³	BDL	BDL



**Graphs: Stack Monitoring for Pimpri-Chinchwad:** 

#### 3.2 Ambient Air Quality:

In order to arrive at conclusions, the Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Results are compared against National Ambient Air Quality Standards, 2009 (**Annexure IV**).

Sr.	Location	Location detail	Table No.
1.	Amphenol Interconnect India Pvt Ltd.	Near ETP	I
2.	Alfa Laval (I) Pvt. Ltd.	HSS factory	I
3.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	Near Main Gate	I
4.	Exide Industries Limited	Near Main Gate	II
5.	Rich Graviss Products Pvt Ltd.	Near Material Receiving Area	11
6.	Tata Motors	Near ETP	II

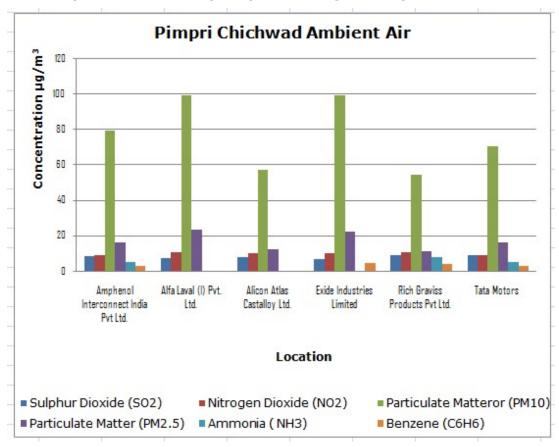
Table No. I

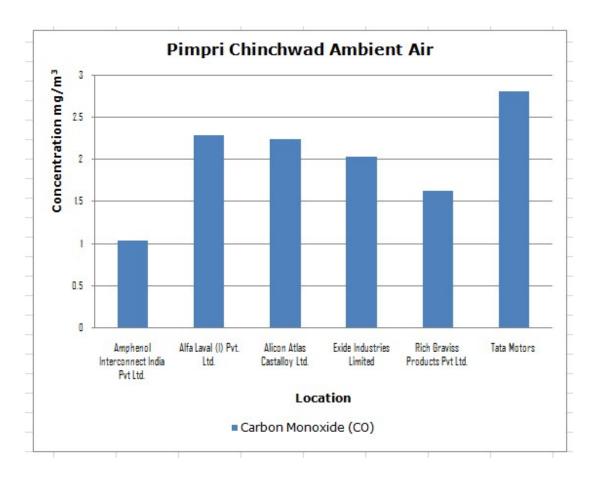
Loca	tion			Amphenol Interconne ct India Pvt Ltd.	Alfa Laval (I) Pvt. Ltd.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit (NAAQS 2009)	Results		
1.	Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	μg/m³	80	8.17	7.37	7.47
2.	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	μg/m³	80	8.63	10.5	9.68
3.	Particulate Matter (size less than 10 µm) or PM <sub>10</sub>	μg/m³	100	79	99	57
4.	Particulate Matter (size less than 2.5 µm) or PM <sub>2.5</sub>	μg/m³	60	16	23	12
5.	Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> )	μg/m³	180	BDL	BDL	BDL
6.	Lead (Pb)	μg/m³	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
7.	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	mg/m³	4	1.04	2.29	2.24
8.	Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	μg/m³	400	5.21	BDL	BDL
9.	Benzene (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	μg/m³	5	2.61	BDL	BDL
10.	Benzo (a) Pyrene (BaP) – particulate phase only	ng/m³	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
11.	Arsenic (As)	ng/m³	6	BDL	BDL	BDL
12.	Nickel (Ni)	ng/m³	20	BDL	BDL	BDL

Table No. II

Loca	tion			Exide Industries Limited	Rich Graviss Products Pvt Ltd.	Tata Motors
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit (NAAQS 2009)	Results		
1.	Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	μg/m³	80	6.86	8.68	8.66
2.	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	μg/m³	80	9.87	10.3	8.63
3.	Particulate Matter (size less than 10 µm) or PM <sub>10</sub>	μg/m³	100	99	54	70
4.	Particulate Matter (size less than 2.5 µm) or PM <sub>2.5</sub>	μg/m³	60	22	11	16
5.	Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> )	μg/m³	180	BDL	BDL	BDL
6.	Lead (Pb)	μg/m³	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
7.	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	mg/m³	4	2.03	1.63	2.8
8.	Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	μg/m³	400	BDL	7.81	5.21
9.	Benzene (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	μg/m³	5	4.35	4.09	2.56
10.	Benzo (a) Pyrene (BaP) – particulate phase only	ng/m³	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
11.	Arsenic (As)	ng/m³	6	BDL	BDL	BDL
12.	Nickel (Ni)	ng/m³	20	BDL	BDL	BDL

**Graphs: Ambient Air Quality Monitoring for Pimpri-Chinchwad:** 





#### 3.3 Water/ Waste Water Quality:

Water Analysis Results are compared against CPCB document on criteria for Comprehensive Environmental Assessment of Industrial Clusters-Water Quality Parameters Requirement and Classification (Annexure VI), CPCB Water Quality Criteria (Annexure V) and Drinking Water Specification, IS 10500:2012 (Annexure IV), Wastewater Analysis Results are compared with General Standards for Discharge of Environmental Pollutants Part A: Effluents, The Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, Schedule VI.

Sr.	Location	Source	Table No.
1.	Exide Industries Ltd.	STP Outlet	I
2.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	STP Outlet	I
3.	Alfa-lavel India Ltd.	STP Outlet	I
4.	Rich Graviss Product Pvt. Ltd.	STP Outlet	II
5.	Amphenol Interconnect India Pvt Ltd.	STP Outlet	II
6.	Tata Motors Ltd.	STP Outlet	II

#### Table No. I

Loca	ation			Exide Industries Ltd.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	Alfa-lavel India Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit	Results		
1.	Sanitary Survey			Reasonably clean neighbourho od	Very clean neighbourho od and catchment	Reasonably clean neighbourho od
2.	Colour	Hazen		1	1	1
3.	Smell	-		Disagreeabl e	Disagreeabl e	Disagreeabl e
4.	рН	-	5.5 -9.0	7.44	9.52	7.51
5.	Oil & Grease	mg/L	10.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
6.	Suspended Solids	mg/L	100.0	6	22	18

Loca	ation			Exide Industries Ltd.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	Alfa-lavel India Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
7.	Dissolved Oxygen (% Saturation)	%		40	12	65
8.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	250.0	40	320	60
9.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (3 days,27° C)	mg/L	30.0	13	106	19
10.	Electrical Conductivity (at 25° C)	µmho/cm		469	803	1197
11.	Nitrite Nitrogen (as NO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/L		0.17	BDL	0.02
12.	Nitrate Nitrogen (as NO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/L	10.0	29.7	4.86	17
13.	(NO <sub>2</sub> + NO <sub>3</sub> )- Nitrogen	mg/L	5.0	29.9	4.86	17
14.	Free Ammonia (as NH <sub>3</sub> -N)	mg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
15.	Total Residual Chlorine	mg/L	1.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
16.	Cyanide (as CN)	mg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
17.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/L	2.0	0.32	0.4	0.62
18.	Sulphide (as S <sup>2-</sup> )	mg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
19.	Dissolved Phosphate (as P)	mg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL

Loca	ation			Exide Industries Ltd.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	Alfa-lavel India Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
20.	Sodium Absorption Ratio	mg/L		0.54	1.27	3.47
21.	Total Coliforms	MPN index/ 100 ml	100.0	1.6 X 10 <sup>4</sup>	9.2 X 10 <sup>3</sup>	5.4 X 10 <sup>3</sup>
22.	Faecal Coliforms	MPN index/ 100 ml	1000.0	1600	9.2 X 10 <sup>3</sup>	BDL
23.	Total Phosphorous (as P)	mg/L	1.0	BDL	0.29	BDL
24.	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (as TKN)	mg/L	100.0	3.36	2.01	4.36
25.	Total Ammonia (NH4+NH3)- Nitrogen	mg/L	5.0	0.45	0.53	1.93
26.	Phenols (as C <sub>6</sub> H₅OH)	mg/L	3.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
27.	Surface Active Agents (as MBAS)	mg/L	3.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
28.	Organo Chlorine Pesticides					
I.	Alachlor	μg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
II.	Atrazine	μg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
III.	Aldrin	μg/L	0.1	BDL	BDL	BDL
IV.	Dieldrin	μg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
V.	Alpha HCH	μg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL
VI.	Beta HCH	μg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL

Loca	ation			Exide Industries Ltd.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	Alfa-lavel India Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
VII.	Delta HCH	μg/L	3.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIII.	Butachlor	μg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
IX.	p,p DDT	μg/L	0.05	BDL	BDL	BDL
X.	o,p DDT	μg/L	100.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
XI.	p,p DDE	μg/L	250.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
XII.	o,p DDE	μg/L	30.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
XIII.	p,p DDD	μg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
XIV.	o,p DDD	μg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
XV.	Alpha Endosulfan	μg/L	10.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
XVI.	Beta Endosulfan	μg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
KVII.	Endosulfan Sulphate	μg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIII.	Y HCH (Lindane)	μg/L	1.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
29.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (as PAH)	mg/L	0.2	BDL	0.0082	0.0026
30.	Polychlorinate d Biphenyls (PCB)	mg/L	2.0	BDL	0.0002	0.0005
31.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
32.	Nickel (as Ni)	mg/L	3.0	BDL	BDL	0.014
33.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
34.	Hexavalent Chromium (as Cr <sup>6+</sup> )	mg/L	0.1	BDL	BDL	4.05

Loca	ation			Exide Industries Ltd.	Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd.	Alfa-lavel India Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
35.	Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
36.	Total Arsenic (as As)	mg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
37.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/L	0.1	BDL	0.017	BDL
38.	Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
39.	Mercury (as Hg)	mg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL
40.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/L	2.0	0.098	0.075	0.038
41.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/L	3.0	BDL	0.727	BDL
42.	Vanadium (as V)	mg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
43.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/L	0.05	BDL	0.009	0.018
44.	Boron (as B)	mg/L		0.121	0.996	2.442
45.	Bioassay Test on fish	% survival	90% survival after 96h in 100%ef fluent	70	50	90

Table No. II

Loca	ation			Rich Graviss Product	Amphenol Interconne ct India	Tata Motors
				Pvt. Ltd.	Pvt Ltd.	Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
1.	Sanitary Survey			Reasonably clean neighbourho od	Reasonably clean neighbourho od	Very clean neighbourho od and catchment
2.	Colour	Hazen		1	1	1
3.	Smell	-		Disagreeabl e	Disagreeabl e	Disagreeabl e
4.	рН	-	5.5 -9.0	7.4	8.14	7.14
5.	Oil & Grease	mg/L	10.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
6.	Suspended Solids	mg/L	100.0	8	6	6
7.	Dissolved Oxygen (% Saturation)	%		56	40	62
8.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	250.0	20	40	40
9.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (3 days,27° C)	mg/L	30.0	8	13	13
10.	Electrical Conductivity (at 25° C )	µmho/cm		188.5	3780	362
11.	Nitrite Nitrogen (as NO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/L		BDL	0.08	BDL
12.	Nitrate Nitrogen (as NO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/L	10.0	0.32	14.1	8.98
13.	(NO <sub>2</sub> + NO <sub>3</sub> )- Nitrogen	mg/L	5.0	0.32	14.2	8.98

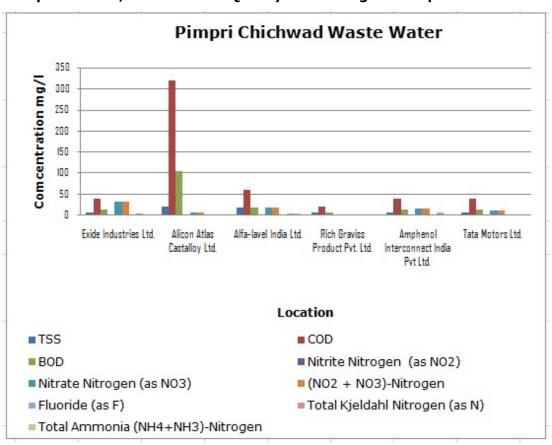
Loca	ation			Rich Graviss Product Pvt. Ltd.	Amphenol Interconne ct India Pvt Ltd.	Tata Motors Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
14.	Free Ammonia (as NH <sub>3</sub> -N)	mg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
15.	Total Residual Chlorine	mg/L	1.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
16.	Cyanide (as CN)	mg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
17.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/L	2.0	0.1	0.4	0.3
18.	Sulphide (as S <sup>2-</sup> )	mg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
19.	Dissolved Phosphate (as P)	mg/L	5.0	BDL	40	BDL
20.	Sodium Absorption Ratio	mg/L		1.8	2.92	1.4
21.	Total Coliforms	MPN index/ 100 ml	100.0	9.2 X 10 <sup>3</sup>	1.6 X 10 <sup>4</sup>	1600
22.	Faecal Coliforms	MPN index/ 100 ml	1000.0	33	5.6	13
23.	Total Phosphorous (as P)	mg/L	1.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
24.	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (as TKN)	mg/L	100.0	BDL	6.6	1.68
25.	Total Ammonia (NH4+NH3)- Nitrogen	mg/L	5.0	0.25	1.17	BDL
26.	Phenols (as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH)	mg/L	3.0	BDL	BDL	BDL

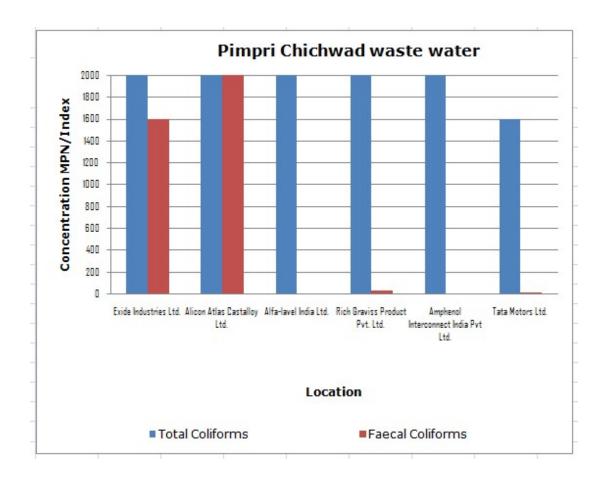
Loca	ation			Rich Graviss Product Pvt. Ltd.	Amphenol Interconne ct India Pvt Ltd.	Tata Motors Ltd.
Sr. Parameters Unit Std. Limit					Results	
27.	Surface Active Agents (as MBAS)	mg/L	3.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
28.	Organo Chlorine Pesticides					
I.	Alachlor	μg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
II.	Atrazine	μg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
III.	Aldrin	μg/L	0.1	BDL	BDL	BDL
IV.	Dieldrin	μg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
V.	Alpha HCH	μg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL
VI.	Beta HCH	μg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
VII.	Delta HCH	μg/L	3.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIII.	Butachlor	μg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
IX.	p,p DDT	μg/L	0.05	BDL	BDL	BDL
X.	o,p DDT	μg/L	100.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
XI.	p,p DDE	μg/L	250.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
XII.	o,p DDE	μg/L	30.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
XIII.	p,p DDD	μg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
XIV.	o,p DDD	μg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
XV.	Alpha Endosulfan	μg/L	10.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
XVI.	Beta Endosulfan	μg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
KVII.	Endosulfan Sulphate	μg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIII.	Y HCH (Lindane)	μg/L	1.0	BDL	BDL	BDL

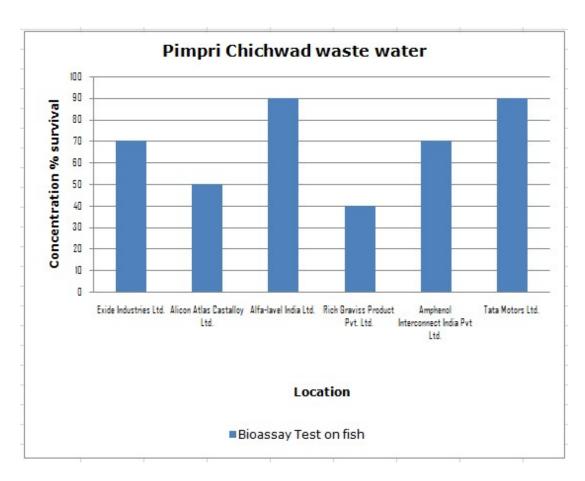
Loca	ation			Rich Graviss Product Pvt. Ltd.	Amphenol Interconne ct India Pvt Ltd.	Tata Motors Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
29.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (as PAH)	mg/L	0.2	0.015	0.01	0.0064
30.	Polychlorinate d Biphenyls (PCB)	mg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
31.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
32.	Nickel (as Ni)	mg/L	3.0	BDL	6.98	0.012
33.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/L		BDL	0.123	BDL
34.	Hexavalent Chromium (as Cr <sup>6+</sup> )	mg/L	0.1	BDL	BDL	BDL
35.	Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/L	2.0	BDL	0.081	0.046
36.	Total Arsenic (as As)	mg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
37.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/L	0.1	0.021	BDL	BDL
38.	Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/L	2.0	BDL	0.643	BDL
39.	Mercury (as Hg)	mg/L	0.01	0.007	0.083	BDL
40.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/L	2.0	BDL	0.092	0.028
41.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/L	3.0	BDL	BDL	0.108
42.	Vanadium (as V)	mg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
43.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/L	0.05	BDL	0.019	BDL
44.	Boron (as B)	mg/L		BDL	0.704	0.281

Loca	ation			Rich Graviss Product Pvt. Ltd.	Amphenol Interconne ct India Pvt Ltd.	Tata Motors Ltd.
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit	Results		
45.	Bioassay Test on fish	% survival	90% survival after 96h in 100%ef fluent	40	70	90

#### **Graphs: Water/Waste Water Quality Monitoring for Pimpri-Chinchwad:**







### 3.4 Ground Water Quality:

Sr.	Location	Source	Table No.
1.	Raju Saste-Bhosri	Well Water	I
2.	Shantaram Laximan Borate	Well Water	I
3.	Mohan Nagar	Hand Pump	I
4.	Mula-Mutha River	Surface water	II
5.	Ram Hari Borate	Well Water	II
6.	Ramdas Borate	Well Water	II

#### Table No. I

Loca	Location			Raju Saste- Bhosri	Shantaram Laximan Borate	Mohan Nagar
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
1.	Sanitary Survey			Reasonably clean neighbourho od	Reasonably clean neighbourho od	Very clean neighbourho od and catchment
2.	Colour	Hazen	5	1	1	1
3.	Smell	-	Agree able	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
4.	рН	-	6.5- 8.5	7.33	7.61	7.45
5.	Oil & Grease	mg/L	100	BDL	BDL	BDL
6.	Suspended Solids	mg/L	500	8	8	BDL
7.	Dissolved Oxygen (%Saturation)	%		40	48	30
8.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	10 (WHO, 1993)	BDL	11	7

Loca	tion			Raju Saste- Bhosri	Shantaram Laximan Borate	Mohan Nagar
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
9.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (3 days,27°C)	mg/L	6 (WHO, 1993)	1	4	2
10.	Electrical Conductivity (at 25°C)	μmho/c m		738	594	677
11.	Nitrite Nitrogen (as NO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/L		BDL	0.21	BDL
12.	Nitrate Nitrogen (as NO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/L	45	20.5	30.2	4.84
13.	(NO <sub>2</sub> + NO <sub>3</sub> )- Nitrogen	mg/L	1.0	20.5	30.4	4.84
14.	Free Ammonia (as NH <sub>3</sub> -N)	mg/L	0.5	BDL	BDL	BDL
15.	Total Residual Chlorine	mg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
16.	Cyanide (as CN)	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
17.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/L	1	0.33	0.4	0.2
18.	Sulphide (as S <sub>2</sub> -)	mg/L	0.05	BDL	BDL	BDL
19.	Dissolved Phosphate (as P)	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
20.	Sodium Absorption Ratio	mg/L		1.03	1.34	1.73
21.	Total Coliforms	MPN index/ 100 ml	ND	9.2 X 10 <sup>3</sup>	240	5.4 X 10 <sup>3</sup>

Loca	tion			Raju Saste- Bhosri	Shantaram Laximan Borate	Mohan Nagar
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
22.	Faecal Coliforms	MPN index/ 100 ml	ND	21	BDL	5.4 X 10 <sup>3</sup>
23.	Total Phosphorous (as P)	mg/L	0.5	BDL	BDL	BDL
24.	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	0.001	3.47	3.24	2.01
25.	Total Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> +NH <sub>3</sub> )- Nitrogen	mg/L	0.5	0.1	BDL	BDL
26.	Phenols (as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH)	mg/L	0.001	BDL	BDL	BDL
27.	Surface Active Agents (as MBAS)	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
28.	Organo Chlorine Pesticides					
I.	Alachlor	μg/L	20	BDL	BDL	BDL
II.	Atrazine	μg/L	2	BDL	BDL	BDL
III.	Aldrin	μg/L	0.03	BDL	BDL	BDL
IV.	Dieldrin	μg/L	0.03	BDL	BDL	BDL
V.	Alpha HCH	μg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL
VI.	Beta HCH	μg/L	0.04	BDL	BDL	BDL
VII.	Delta HCH	μg/L	125	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIII.	Butachlor	μg/L	0.04	BDL	BDL	BDL
IX.	p,p DDT	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
X.	o,p DDT	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XI.	p,p DDE	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL

Location				Raju Saste- Bhosri	Shantaram Laximan Borate	Mohan Nagar
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit		Results	
XII.	o,p DDE	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XIII.	p,p DDD	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XIV.	o,p DDD	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XV.	Alpha Endosulfan	μg/L	0.4	BDL	BDL	BDL
XVI.	Beta Endosulfan	μg/L	0.4	BDL	BDL	BDL
XVII.	Endosulfan Sulphate	μg/L	0.4	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIII.	Y HCH (Lindane)	μg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
29.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (as PAH)	mg/L	0.000	0.0198	0.0082	0.0475
30.	Polychlorinate d Biphenyls (PCB)	mg/L	0.000 5	BDL	0.0004	0.0002
31.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
32.	Nickel (as Ni)	mg/L	0.02	BDL	BDL	BDL
33.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/L	0.05	BDL	BDL	BDL
34.	Hexavalent Chromium (as Cr <sup>6+</sup> )	mg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
35.	Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/L	0.05	BDL	BDL	BDL
36.	Total Arsenic (as As)	mg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL
37.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/L	0.01	BDL	0.013	BDL

Loca	tion			Raju Saste- Bhosri	Shantaram Laximan Borate	Mohan Nagar	
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit	Results			
38.	Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/L	0.003	BDL	BDL	BDL	
39.	Mercury (as Hg)	mg/L	0.001	BDL	BDL	BDL	
40.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/L	0.1	0.033	BDL	0.033	
41.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/L	0.3	0.623	1.04	0.478	
42.	Vanadium (as V)	mg/L		0.018	0.038	0.018	
43.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL	
44.	Boron (as B)	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL	
45.	Bioassay Test on fish	% survival		80	70	100	

#### Table No. II

Location				Mula-Mutha River	Ram Hari Borate	Ramdas Borate		
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit	Results				
1.	Sanitary Survey			Generally clean neighbourho od	Generally clean neighbourho od	Generally clean neighbourho od		
2.	Colour	Hazen	5	1	1	1		
3.	Smell	-	Agree able	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable		
4.	рН	-	6.5- 8.5	7.11	7.18	7.16		
5.	Oil & Grease	mg/L	100	BDL	BDL	BDL		
6.	Suspended Solids	mg/L	500	BDL	20	16		

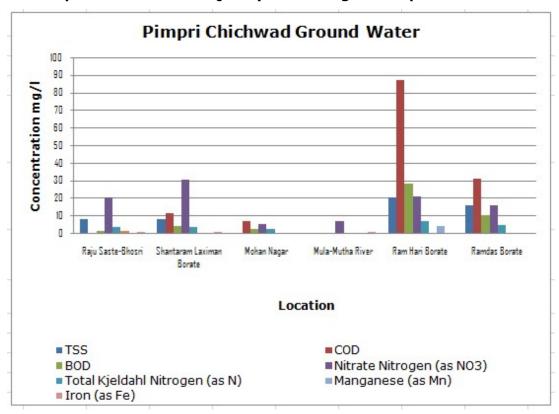
Location				Mula-Mutha River	Ram Hari Borate	Ramdas Borate
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit	Results		
7.	Dissolved Oxygen (%Saturation)	%		74	45	52
8.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	10 (WHO, 1993)	BDL	87	31
9.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (3 days,27°C)	mg/L	6 (WHO, 1993)	BDL	28	10
10.	Electrical Conductivity (at 25°C)	μmho/c m		177	3380	1672
11.	Nitrite Nitrogen (as NO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
12.	Nitrate Nitrogen (as NO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/L	45	6.82	21	16
13.	(NO <sub>2</sub> + NO <sub>3</sub> )- Nitrogen	mg/L	1.0	6.82	21	16
14.	Free Ammonia (as NH <sub>3</sub> -N)	mg/L	0.5	BDL	BDL	BDL
15.	Total Residual Chlorine	mg/L	0.2	BDL	BDL	BDL
16.	Cyanide (as CN)	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
17.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/L	1	0.31	0.56	BDL
18.	Sulphide (as S <sub>2-</sub> )	mg/L	0.05	BDL	BDL	BDL
19.	Dissolved Phosphate (as P)	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
20.	Sodium Absorption Ratio	mg/L		0.82	4.44	1.2

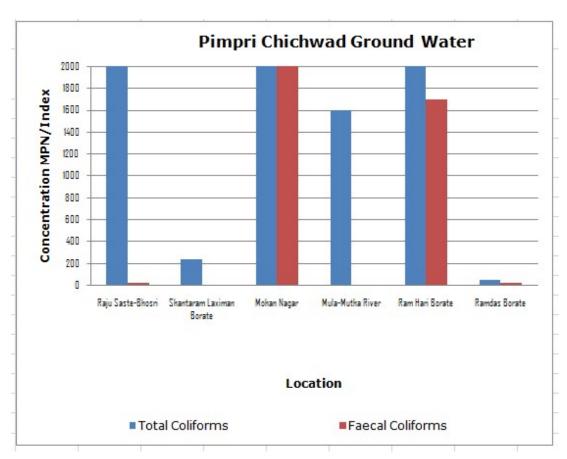
Location				Mula-Mutha River	Ram Hari Borate	Ramdas Borate
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit	Results		
21.	Total Coliforms	MPN index/ 100 ml	ND	1600	5.4 X 103	49
22.	Faecal Coliforms	MPN index/ 100 ml	ND	6.8	1.7 X 103	23
23.	Total Phosphorous (as P)	mg/L	0.5	BDL	BDL	BDL
24.	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	0.001	BDL	6.6	4.60
25.	Total Ammonia (NH <sub>4</sub> +NH <sub>3</sub> )- Nitrogen	mg/L	0.5	BDL	BDL	BDL
26.	Phenols (as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH)	mg/L	0.001	BDL	BDL	BDL
27.	Surface Active Agents (as MBAS)	mg/L		BDL	BDL	BDL
28.	Organo Chlorine Pesticides					
I.	Alachlor	μg/L	20	BDL	BDL	BDL
II.	Atrazine	μg/L	2	BDL	BDL	BDL
III.	Aldrin	μg/L	0.03	BDL	BDL	BDL
IV.	Dieldrin	μg/L	0.03	BDL	BDL	BDL
V.	Alpha HCH	μg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL
VI.	Beta HCH	μg/L	0.04	BDL	BDL	BDL
VII.	Delta HCH	μg/L	125	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIII.	Butachlor	μg/L	0.04	BDL	BDL	BDL
IX.	p,p DDT	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL

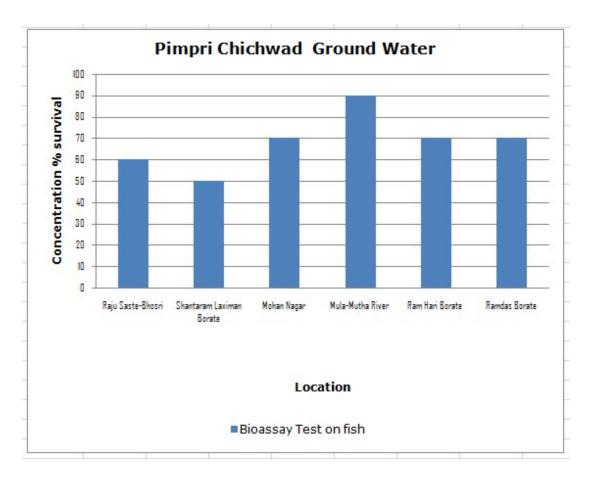
Loca	tion			Mula-Mutha River	Ram Hari Borate	Ramdas Borate
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit	Results		
X.	o,p DDT	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XI.	p,p DDE	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XII.	o,p DDE	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XIII.	p,p DDD	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XIV.	o,p DDD	μg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
XV.	Alpha Endosulfan	μg/L	0.4	BDL	BDL	BDL
XVI.	Beta Endosulfan	μg/L	0.4	BDL	BDL	BDL
XVII.	Endosulfan Sulphate	μg/L	0.4	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIII.	Y HCH (Lindane)	μg/L	2.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
29.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (as PAH)	mg/L	0.000	0.0144	0.0016	0.0009
30.	Polychlorinate d Biphenyls (PCB)	mg/L	0.000 5	BDL	BDL	0.0004
31.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/L	5.0	BDL	BDL	BDL
32.	Nickel (as Ni)	mg/L	0.02	BDL	0.15	0.087
33.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/L	0.05	BDL	0.036	0.026
34.	Hexavalent Chromium (as Cr <sup>6+</sup> )	mg/L	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
35.	Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/L	0.05	BDL	BDL	0.094
36.	Total Arsenic (as As)	mg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL

Location				Mula-Mutha River	Ram Hari Borate	Ramdas Borate	
Sr.	Parameters	Unit	Std. Limit	Results			
37.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL	
38.	Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/L	0.003	BDL	BDL	BDL	
39.	Mercury (as Hg)	mg/L	0.001	BDL	BDL	BDL	
40.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/L	0.1	0.033	3.72	0.117	
41.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/L	0.3	0.628	BDL	0.212	
42.	Vanadium (as V)	mg/L		0.019	0.024	0.038	
43.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/L	0.01	BDL	BDL	BDL	
44.	Boron (as B)	mg/L		BDL	0.164	BDL	
45.	Bioassay Test on fish	% survival		0	60	80	

**Graphs: Ground Water Quality Monitoring for Pimpri-Chinchwad:** 







# 4. Summary and Conclusion

Based on the study done, the results are summarised and concluded as follows:

## 4.1 Stack Emission Monitoring:

Six industries from Pimpri-Chinchwad were selected for Stack emission monitoring.

- 1. Particulate matter (PM): Out the 6 stacks, the result of 3 stacks was found to be below the detectable limit. Remaining all the results obtained is within the standard emission for the specified industry.
- 2. Sulphur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>): Out the 6 stacks, the result of 4 stacks was found to be below the detectable limit. Remaining all the results obtained is within the standard emission for the specified industry.
- 3. **Nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>):** Emission of NO<sub>2</sub>.was also well within the limit in all 6 stacks sampled.
- 4. Acid Mist (as H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>): The concentration of Acid Mist was also well within the limit in all 6 stacks sampled.

#### 4.2 Ambient Air Quality Monitoring:

Six ambient air samples were collected from Pimpri-Cinchwad region. The parameters monitored were studied as per the NAAQ standards. The variations of each parameter within the area under study are discussed below:

- 1. Sulphur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>): All the locations are observed with very low concentrations of SO<sub>2</sub>. The highest level of SO<sub>2</sub> was observed at Rich Graviss Products Pvt. Ltd. with 8.68  $\mu$ g/m³ which is very much lower than the standard limit of NAAQS i.e. 80  $\mu$ g/m³.
- **2. Nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>):** Values of nitrogen dioxide are also observed below the standard limit of 80  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> at all the 6 locations. The highest level of NO<sub>2</sub> was observed at Alfa Laval India Ltd. with a result of 10.5  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>.
- **3. Particulate Matter (PM<sub>10</sub>):** PM<sub>10</sub> concentration are also observed below the standard limit of 80  $\mu$ g/m3 at all the 6 locations.
- **4. Particulate Matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>):** Values of PM<sub>2.5</sub> are also observed below the standard limit of 60  $\mu$ g/m³ at all the 6 locations. The highest level of PM<sub>2.5</sub> was observed at Alfa Laval India Ltd. with a result of 23  $\mu$ g/m³.
- **5. Ozone (O\_3):** Ozone was found to be below detectable limit in all location.
- 6. Lead (Pb): Lead also was found to be below detectable limit in all location.
- **7. Carbon Monoxide (CO):** Concentration of carbon monoxide has been found to well within the limits in all 6 locations monitored with the highest concentration at Alfa Laval India Pvt. Ltd. with 2.29 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.
- **8. Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>):** Ammonia was below the detectable limit in 3 locations out of the 6 locations monitored. The level of NH<sub>3</sub> was well within the limits.
- 9. Benzene (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>): Concentration of Benzene has been found to well within the limits.
- **10.Benzo(a)pyrene (BaP):** BaP was below detectable limit in all 6 locations monitored.
- **11.Arsenic (As):** As was below detectable limit in all 6 locations monitored.
- **12.Nickel (Ni):** Concentration of Nickel was below detectable limit in all 6 locations monitored.

## 4.3 Waste Water Quality Monitoring:

To understand the quality of treated effluent, samples were collected from 6 industries of Pimpri-Chinchwad. Considering the general parameters of all the industries mentioned, following are the conclusions:

- 1. Colour: Colour units are well within the limits.
- 2. Odour: odour of all 6 samples is found disagreeable.
- **3. pH**: it is observed in between 7.14 and 8.01 which is well within the range.
- **4. Suspended Solids**: Suspended solids of all 6 water samples is well within the limits and ranged in between 6mg/L to 65 mg/l.
- **5. Chemical Oxygen Demand**: The highest COD was observed at Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd. with 320 mg/L concentration.
- **6. Biochemical Oxygen Demand**: The highest BOD was observed at Alicon Atlas Castalloy Ltd. with 106 mg/L concentration.

- 7. .Sulphide: All 6 samples collected were found to have below detectable limit.
- **8. Total Ammonia**: 6 water samples collected was well within the standards of Ammonia ranging in between 0.25 mg/L to 1.93 mg/L.
- **9. Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen**: All samples collected, were well within the limit required as per standard.
- **10.Fish Bioassay**: 100% Survival was not attained in water samples collected for Bioassay test.
- **11.Heavy metals**: All the heavy metals are found below the standard limits in all the samples.

# 4.3 Ground Water Quality Monitoring:

Four ground water samples were collected from Pimpri-Chichwad region.

- 1) Colour (Hazen Units): Colour units are below the acceptable standard of all water samples collected.
- 2) Odour: odour of all the samples is found agreeable.
- **3) Chemical Oxygen Demand:** The COD of all 6 samples was found in the range between 7 mg/L to 87 mg/L.
- **4) Biological Oxygen Demand:** BOD of all 6 samples was found in the range between 1 mg/L to 28 mg/L.

Following are the parameters which are compared with ISO 10500:2012 Drinking water specifications.

- 1) Nitrite: Values of Nitrite at all location was well within the standard.
- 2) Nitrate: Results of Nitrate are also observed below standard limit.
- **3) Residual Free Chlorine**: Values are below the detectable limit in all 6 samples collected.
- 4) Total Ammonia: Values are below the detectable limit in all samples collected.
- **5) Sulphide:** All the readings of sulphide are below detectable limit in all 6 samples collected.
- **6) Sodium Absorption Ratio:** These values fit within range of water quality criteria of CPCB.
- **7) Fish Bioassay**: Mohan Nagar sample only have 100% survival.
- 8) Surface Active Agents: All 4 samples showed below detectable limit.
- **9) Metals:** All the metals except Copper, Lead and Total Chromium at few locations are observed within the acceptable limits of drinking water standards.

## 5. CEPI Score

Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) is intended to act as early warning tool which helps in categorization of industrial clusters/areas in terms of priority of needing attention.

CPCB had evolved certain methodology to calculate CEPI, in which a score has been fixed for different environmental components based on the level of pollution. The scoring system involves an algorithm that takes into account the basic selection criteria. This approach is based on the basic hazard assessment logic that can be summarized as below.

## Hazard = pollutant source, pathways, and receptor

CPCB has calculated CEPI for the identified critically polluted industrial clusters. It is calculated separately for air, water, and land. The basic framework and scoring system of the CEPI – based on three factors namely pollutant, pathway, and receptor – has been described further under this section.

To overcome the subjectivity, revised concept is proposed by eliminating the subjective factors as described in the previous section but retaining the factors which can be measured precisely.

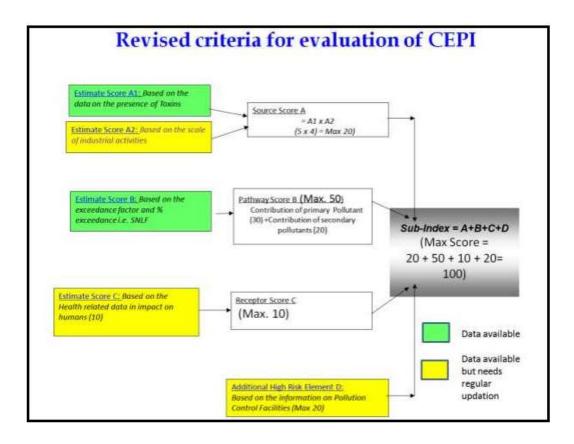
- I. Revised concept is prepared by eliminating the debatable factors but retaining the factors which can be measured precisely.
- II. It is decided to develop the Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) retaining the existing algorithm of Source, Pathway and Receptor.
- III. Health component was also retained in the revised concept in line with the suggestions of Secretary, MoEFCC during the meeting held in MoEF.

#### **Outlines of revised CEPI 2016 criteria**

The outlines of the revised CEPI criteria are as follows:

- 1. It is proposed to develop the Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) based on Sources of pollution, real time observed values of the pollutants in the ambient air, surface water and ground water in & around the industrial cluster and health related statistics.
- 2. For assessment of the environmental quality of the area i.e. CEPI score, the concept of SNLF i.e. a surrogate number which represents the level of exposure (a function of percentage sample Exceedance & Exceedance Factor) shall be used.
- 3. Health component to be evaluated based on the health data available from major hospitals in the area was also retained in the revised concept.

The evaluation criterion of the revised CEPI version 2016 is described in the flowchart given below:



Here, health data collected for Receptor Score C is included in **Annexure I** 

Based on Sub-Index Score (score of individual environmental component like air, water etc.):

• **Score more than 63:** A Critical Level of Pollution in the respective level of environmental component

• Score between 51-63: Severe to critical level of pollution with reference to

respective environmental component

## **Cut-off Score**

• Score 50: Severely Polluted Industrial Clusters/areas

• **Score 60:** Critically Polluted Industrial Clusters/areas

Based on Aggregated CEPI Score (score includes sub-index score of all individual environmental components together):

• **Aggregated CEPI score >70:** Critically polluted areas

Aggregated CEPI score between 60-70: Severely polluted areas

Since the inception of the programme, MPCB has also formulated Action Plans to mitigate the environmental pollution problems for each of the 8 Critically Polluted Areas (CPAs) in Maharashtra. Based on available information, parameters selected and monitored in continuation with this, CEPI has been calculated and Short-Term Action Plan (STAP) as well as Long Term Action Plan (LTAP) was prepared in 2010.

Subsequently NAAQS 2009 came in force. List of parameters to be considered increased and expanded including more critical and hazardous pollutants like benzene, BaP, Metals, etc. existing in the environment. There was revision of standards (limiting values) as well. In this present report of February, 2019 prepared by MPCB, CEPI is calculated considering all these revised standards' limiting values, list of parameters and complete scope of monitoring.

# 5.1 Comparison of CEPI scores:

Results show that present CEPI score (39.26) of Pimpri-Chinchwad considering all revised standards is less the CPCB CEPI Score of 2009 (66.06) report.

Detailed results of Air, Water and Land are given below:

#### Air

	A1	A2	Α	В1	В2	вз	В	C1	C2	СЗ	С	D	CEPI
CEPI score June 2019	3	4	12	-	-	-	11.1	-	-	-	0	10	33.1
CEPI score February 2019	2.1	5	10.5	-	-	-	10.8	-	1	1	5	10	36.3
CEPI score June 2018	2.4	3.8	9.12	-	-	-	12.4	-	-	-	5	10	37
CEPI score February 2018	2	4	8	-	-	-	11.45	-	-	-	5	10	34.5
CEPI score June 2017	2.9	3	8.7	-	-	ı	12.8	-	ı	-	0	10	31.5

	<b>A1</b>	A2	A	В1	В2	В3	В	C1	C2	СЗ	С	D	CEPI
CEPI score February 2017	2	5	10	5	0	0	5	4	2.9	0	11.6	10	36.6
CPCB Report 2009	5.75	5	28.75	6	0	0	6	3	3.50	0	10.50	10	55.25

# Water:

	<b>A1</b>	A2	A	В1	В2	В3	В	C1	C2	С3	С	D	СЕРІ
CEPI score June 2019	2.6	4	10.4	-	-	-	9.8	-	-	-	0	10	30.2
CEPI score February 2019	2.8	5	14	ı	-	-	8.9	-	ı	ı	0	10	32.9
CEPI score June 2018	3.1	1.5	4.65	-	-	-	10.5	-	-	1	0	10	25.15
CEPI score February 2018	4	3.58	15.2	-	-	-	12.2	-	-	-	0	10	37.4
CEPI score June 2017	3.9	4.55	17.55	-	-	-	10.1	-	-	-	0	10	37.65
CEPI score February 2017	2.9	6	17.4	5	0	4	9	4	2	3	11	10	47.4
CPCB Report 2009	3	5	15	7	0	3	10	5	3.5	0	17.5	10	52.5

# Land:

	A1	A2	Α	В1	В2	вз	В	C1	C2	СЗ	С	D	CEPI
CEPI score June 2019	2.6	4	10.4	ı	-	-	10.1	-	-	-	0	10	30.5
CEPI score February 2019	2	5	10	1	-	-	9.2	-	-	-	0	10	29.2
CEPI score June 2018	3.1	2.74	8.49	-	-	-	8.5	-	-	-	0	10	26.99
CEPI score February 2018	2.9	4.6	13.34	-	-	-	10.57	-	-	-	3	10	36.91
CEPI score June 2017	3.3	4.8	15.84	-	-	-	10.2	-	-	-	0	10	36.04
CEPI score February 2017	4	5	20	3	4	0	7	4	2	0	8	10	45.0
CPCB Report 2009	3	5	15	6	0	3	9	3	4	0	12	10	46.0

# Aggregated CEPI:

	Air Index	Water Index	Land Index	CEPI
CEPI score June 2019	33.1	30.2	30.5	39.26
CEPI score February 2019	36.3	32.9	29.2	42.4
CEPI score June 2018	37	25.15	26.99	40.82
CEPI score February 2018	34.45	37.4	36.91	43.49
CEPI score June 2017	31.5	37.65	36.04	40.79
CEPI score February 2017	36.6	47.4	45.0	50.1
CPCB Report 2009	55.25	52.50	46.00	66.06

#### 6. Conclusion

As of 2011 India census, Pimpri-Chinchwad had a population of 1,729,320. The percentage of pollutants has increased due to emissions from public as well as private vehicles. Hectic industrial activity in Pimpri Chinchwad has pushed up air and noise pollution levels here and industrial waste being flushed into its water bodies has added to their filth, with Pavana river emerging as the most polluted of the three rivers flowing here

The six stack samples collected had higher concentration of  $NO_2$  and Acid mist at 4 locations and one location respectively. This have been informed to the respective industry and asked by them to control the emission. The compliance of the same will be noted later.

 $PM_{10}$  and Benzene values were exceeding the limit of NAAQS in some of the ambient air samples collected. This is mainly due to the vehicular emission in the region.

In the 2 waste water samples collected from the region, only the concentration of nitrogen and BOD was found to be beyond the limit in some of the samples identified. We can correct this by taking better measures in the treatment plant so that the outlet water is in the prescribed limit for disposal.

In the ground water samples collected, all the samples were well within the limits of the drinking water.

The pollution load in the region is reduced and continuous efforts have been inputted by the Regional pollution control board and state pollution control board in brining the pollution lesser. Each civic department provides data about the status of environment related to their department which is compiled as the environment status report. There are several suggestions given to improve the environment concerning various subjects like air, water and noise pollution. Each department concerned will make budgetary provision to implement the suggestions

	<b>A1</b>	A2	A	В	С	D	CEPI
Air Index	3	4	12	11.1	0	10	33.1
Water Index	2.6	4	10.4	9.8	0	10	30.2
Land Index	2.6	4	10.4	10.1	0	10	30.5
			•	•	Aggrega	ted CEPI	39.26

# 7. References

- 1) Criteria for Comprehensive Environmental Assessment of Industrial Clusters, December 2009, CPCB, EIAS/4/2009-10
- 2) Comprehensive Environmental Assessment of Industrial Clusters, December 2009, CPCB, EIAS/5/2009-10
- 3) Action Plan for Industrial Cluster: Chandrapur, November 2010, MPCB
- 4) Action Plan for Industrial Cluster: Chembur, November 2010, MPCB
- 5) Action Plan for Industrial Cluster: Aurangabad, November 2010, MPCB
- 6) Action Plan for Industrial Cluster: Navi Mumbai, November 2010, MPCB
- 7) Action Plan for Industrial Cluster: Navi Mumbai, November 2010, MPCB
- 8) Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Waste Water, American Public Health Association, 22nd Edition, 2012.
- 9) IS 3025 (various parts)
- 10) www.mpcb.gov.in
- 11) www.cpcb.gov.in

# 8. Annexure

# **Annexure I: Stack Emission Sampling and Analysis Methodology**

Sr.	Parameters	Method References	Techniques	Detection Limit
1.	Acid Mist (as Sulphuric Acid)	US EPA Method no.m-	Barium thorine titration Method	0.6 mg/Nm³
2.	Ammonia	IS 11255 (Part 6):1999, Reaffirmed 2003	Titration/Nessler Reagent / Spectrophotometric Method	1 mg/Nm³
3.	Carbon Monoxide	USEPA Method 10B	GC-FID Method	0.2 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
4.	Chlorine	US EPA Method 26 for sampling	Titrimetric	0.001 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
5.	Fluoride (Gaseous)	US EPA Method 13 A	SPADNS Zirconium Lake Spectrophotometric Method	0.025 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
6.	Fluoride (Particulate)	US EPA Method 13 A	SPADNS Zirconium Lake Spectrophotometric Method	0.005 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
7.	Hydrogen Chloride	US EPA Method 26 for sampling	Titrimetric	0.25 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
8.	Hydrogen Sulphide	IS 11255 (Part 4):1985	Titrimetric	1 mg/Nm³
9.	Oxides of Nitrogen	IS 11255 (Part 7): 2005	PDSA Colorimetric Method	10 mg/Nm³
10.	Oxygen	IS 13270 : 1992	ORSAT Apparatus	1 %
11.	Poly Aromatic Hydrocarbons (Particulate)	IS 5182 (Part 12) : 2004, Reaffirmed 2009 CPCB Guidelines, May 2011, Page No.39	GC-FID Method	0.25 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
12.	Suspended Particulate Matter	IS 11255 (Part 1):1985, Reaffirmed 2003	Gravimetric Method	10 mg/Nm³

Sr.	Parameters	Method References	Techniques	Detection Limit
13.	Sulphur Dioxide	IS 11255 (Part 2): 1985, Reaffirmed 2003	Titrimetric IPA thorine Method	5.0mg/Nm³
		1905, Reallittled 2005	thorne Method	0.02kg/day
14.	BTX (Benzene, Toluene, Xylene)	NIOSH (NMAM) 1501	Adsorption and Desorption followed by GC-FID analysis	0.001 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
15.	VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds)	NIOSH (NMAM) 1501 for sampling	Adsorption and Desorption followed by GC-FID or GC/MS analysis	-
i	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	-	0.001 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
ii	Benzene	-	-	0.001 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
iii	Toluene	-	-	0.001 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
iv	Xylene	-	-	0.001 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
V	Ethyl Benzene	-	-	0.001 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
vi	Ethyl Acetate	-	-	0.001 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>

# **Annexure II: Ambient Air Sampling and Analysis Methodology**

Sr.	Parameters	Method References	Techniques	Detection Limit
1.	Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No.1	Improved West & Gaeke Method	4 μg/m³
2.	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No.7	Modified Jacob & Hochheiser Method	3 μg/m³
3.	Particulate Matter (size less than 10 µm) or PM <sub>10</sub>	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No.11	Gravimetric Method	2 μg/m³
4.	Particulate Matter (size less than 2.5 µm) or PM <sub>2.5</sub>	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No. 15	Gravimetric Method	0.4 μg/m³
5.	Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> )	APHA, Method No. 820, Page no. 836	Chemical Method	19.6 μg/m³
6.	Lead (Pb)	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No. 47	AAS Method	0.02 μg/m³
7.	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume II, May 2011, Page No. 16	Non Dispersive Infra Red (NDIR) spectroscopy	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
8.	Ammonia (NH₃)	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No. 35	Indophenol Blue Method	4.0μg/m³
9.	Benzene (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	IS 5182 (Part 11):2006	Adsorption and Desorption followed by GC- FID analysis	1.0 μg/m³
10.	Benzo (a) Pyrene (BaP) – particulate phase only,	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No. 39	Solvent extraction followed by GC- FID analysis	0.2 ng/m³

Sr.	Parameters	Method References	Techniques	Detection Limit
11.	Arsenic (As)	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No. 47	AAS Method	0.3ng/m³
12.	Nickel (Ni)	CPCB Guidelines for the Measurement of Ambient Air Pollutants, Volume I, May 2011, Page No. 47	AAS Method	3.0ng/m³

# Annexure III: Water/Wastewater Sampling and Analysis Methodology

Sr.	Parameters	Methods References	Techniques	Detection Limit
1.	Sampling Procedure for Chemical Parameters	IS 3025 (Part 1): 1987, Reaffirmed 1998, Amds.1& APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 1060 B, 1-39	-	-
2.	Sampling Procedure for Microbiological Parameters	APHA, 22nd Ed., 2012,1060 B, 1-39, 9040, 9-17, and 9060B, 9-35	-	-
3.	Temperature	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 2550-B, 2-69	By Thermometer	-
4.	Colour	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012 , 2120-B, 2-26	Visible Comparison Method	1 Hazen Unit
5.	Odour	IS 3025 (Part 5): 1983, Reaffirmed 2006	Qualitative Method	-
6.	рН	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 4500-H <sup>+</sup> - B, 4-92	By pH Meter	1
7.	Oil & Grease	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 5520-B, 5-40	Liquid -liquid Partition- Gravimetric Method	1.0 mg/L
8.	Suspended Solids	IS 3025( Part 17): 1984, Reaffirmed 2006,Amds.1	Filtration /Gravimetric Method	5.0 mg/L
9.	Dissolved Oxygen	IS 3025( Part 38): 1989, Reaffirmed 2009	Iodometric Method-Azide modification	0.05 mg/L
10.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	APHA,22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012 , 5220-B, 5-17	Open Reflux Method	5.0 mg/L
11.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	IS 3025( Part 44): 1993,Reaffirmed 2009,Amds.1	Iodometric Method	5.0 mg/L
12.	Electrical Conductivity	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 2510- B, 2-54	By Conductivity Meter	0.1 µmho/cm
13.	Nitrite-Nitrogen	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 4500-NO <sub>2</sub> -B, 4-120	Colorimetric Method	0.006 mg/L

Sr.	Parameters	Methods References	Techniques	Detection Limit
14.	Nitrate-Nitrogen	APHA,22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed.,2012 ,4500-NO <sub>3</sub> ,B-4-122	UV Spectrophotometer Screening Method	0.2 mg/L
15.	(NO <sub>2</sub> + NO <sub>3</sub> )- Nitrogen	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 4500-NO <sub>2</sub> -B, 4-120 APHA,22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed.,2012,4500- NO <sub>3</sub> ,B-4-122	Colorimetric Method V Spectrophotometer Screening Method	0.2 mg/L
16.	Free Ammonia	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012 , 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> , F, 4 -115	Colorimetric Method	0.006 mg/L
17.	Total Residual Chlorine	IS 3025 (Part 26) :1986 , Reaffirmed 2009, Ed. 2.1(2004- 02)	Iodometric Method	0.1 mg/L
18.	Cyanide (CN)	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012 ,4500-CN, C & E, 4-41 & 4-43	Colorimetric Method	0.001 mg/L
19.	Fluoride (F)	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 4500-F <sup>-</sup> , D, 4- 87	SPADNS Method	0.05 mg/L
20.	Sulphide (S <sup>2-</sup> )	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 4500 -S <sup>2</sup> , C- 4-175, F-4-178	IodometricMethod	0.08 mg/L
21.	Dissolved Phosphate (P)	APHA,22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012 , 4500 P,E, 4-155	Ascorbic Acid Method	0.03 mg/L
22.	Sodium Absorption Ratio	IS11624 :1986, Reaffirmed 2006	By Calculation	0.3
23.	Total Phosphorous (P)	APHA,22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012 , 4500 P,E, 4-155	Ascorbic Acid Method	0.03 mg/L
24.	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012, 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> , B & C, 4 - 110, 4-112	Titrimetric Method	0.1 mg/L
25.	Total Ammonia (NH4 +NH3)- Nitrogen	APHA,22 <sup>d</sup> Ed., 2012, 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> , F, 4-115	Colorimetric Method	0.001 mg/L
26.	Phenols (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH)	APHA,22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012 , 5530- B & C, 5-44 & 5-47	Chloroform Extraction Method	0.001 mg/L
27.	Surface Active	APHA,22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012	Methylene Blue	0.1 mg/L

Sr.	Parameters	Methods References	Techniques	Detection Limit
	Agents	, 5540-В & С,5-50	Extraction Method	
28.	Organo Chlorine Pesticides	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012,6410B,6-74	GC MS-MS Method	0.01 µg/L
29.	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH)	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012,6410B,6-74	GC MS-MS Method	0.01 μg/L
30.	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012,6410B,6-74	GC MS-MS Method	0.01 µg/L
31.	Zinc (Zn)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.1 mg/L
32.	Nickel (Ni)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.05 mg/L
33.	Copper (Cu)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.03 mg/L
34.	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr <sup>6+</sup> )	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012,3500-Cr,B,3- 69	Colorimetric Method	0.02 mg/L
35.	Total Chromium (Cr)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.02 mg/L
36.	Total Arsenic (As)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.005 mg/L
37.	Lead (Pb)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.008 mg/L
38.	Cadmium (Cd)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.002 mg/L
39.	Mercury (Hg)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.0008 mg/L
40.	Manganese (Mn)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.02 mg/L
41.	Iron (Fe)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.06 mg/L
42.	Vanadium (V)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.05 mg/L
43.	Selenium (Se)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.005 mg/L

Sr.	Parameters	Methods References	Techniques	Detection Limit
44.	Boron (B)	IS 3025(Part 2): 2004	ICP Method	0.1 mg/L
45.	Total Coliforms	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012,9221-B, 9-66	Multiple tube fermentation technique (MPN/100ml)	1.1 MPN/100ml
46.	Faecal Coliforms	APHA, 22 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012,9221-E, 9-74	Multiple tube fermentation technique (MPN/100ml)	1.1 MPN/100ml
47.	Bioassay (Zebra Fish) Test	IS 6582, 1971, Reaffirmed 1987	Static Technique	-

## Annexure IV: National Ambient Air Quality Standards, 2009



EXTRAORDINARY PART III-Section 4 PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, NOBEMBER 18, 2009 No. B-29016/20/90/PCI-I

## National Ambient Air Quality Standards: Central Pollution Control Board

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (2) (h) of section 16 of the Air (Prevntion and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Act No.14 of 1981), and in suppression of the Notification No(s). S.O.384(E), dated 11<sup>th</sup> April, 1994 and S.O.935(E), dated 14<sup>th</sup> October, 1998, the Central Pollution Control Board hereby notify the National Ambient Air Quality Standards with immediate effect, namely:

Sr.	Pollutant		Time	Section of the Control of the Contro		
No.			Weighted Average	Industrial, Residential, Rural and Other Areas	Ecologically Sensitive Areas (Notified by Central Government)	Methods of Measurement
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	μg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual *	50	20	– Improved West and Gaeke
Ĺ	Sulphu Biomae (502)	hg m	24 hours **	80	80	Ultraviolet fluorescence
2	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	$\mu g/m^3$	Annual *	40	30	<ul> <li>Modified Jacob &amp; Hochheiser (Na-Arsenite)</li> </ul>
	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	μg/m	24 hours **	80	80	- Chemilminescence
	Particulate Matter (size		Annual *	60	60	- Gravimetric
3	less than 10 $\mu m$ ) or PM <sub>10</sub>	$\mu g/m^3$	24 hours **	100	100	<ul><li>TOEM</li><li>Beta attenuation</li></ul>
	Particulate Matter (size		Annual *	40	40	- Gravimetric
4	less than 2.5 $\mu m)$ or $PM_{2.5}$			60	<ul><li>TOEM</li><li>Beta attenuation</li></ul>	
5	07070 (0.)	3	8 hours **	100	100	- UV photometric - Chemiluminescence
3	Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> )	$\mu g/m^3$	1 hour **	180	180	- Chemital Method
6	Lead (Pb)	and (Dh)	Annual *	0.50	0.50	- AAS/ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or
	Lead (F0)	μg/m <sup>3</sup>	24 hours **	1.0	1.0	equivalent filter paper – EDXRF using Teflon filter
7	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	8 hours **	02	02	– Non Dispersive Infra Red
	Caroon Monoxide (CO)	mg/m	1 hour **	04	04	(NDIR) spectroscopy
8	Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	$\mu g/m^3$	Annual *	100	100	- Chemiluminescence
$\vdash$	( 3)		24 hours **	400	400	- Indophenol blue method
9	Benzene (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	$\mu g/m^3$	Annual *	05	05	<ul> <li>Gas Chromatography based continuous analyzer</li> <li>Adsorption and Desorption followed by GC analysis</li> </ul>
10	Benzo (a) Pyrene (BaP) – particulate phase only,	ng/m³	Annual *	01	01	<ul> <li>Solvent extraction followed by HPLC/GC analysis</li> </ul>
11	Arsenic (As)	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual *	06	06	<ul> <li>AAS/ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper.</li> </ul>
12	Nickel (Ni)	ng/m³	Annual *	20	20	<ul> <li>AAS/ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper.</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup> Annual arithmetic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

SANT PRASAD GAUTAM, Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board [ADVT-III/4/184/09/Exty.]

Note: The notifications on National Ambient Air Quality Standards were published by the Central Pollution Control Board in the Gazette of India. Extraordinary vide notification No(s). S.O. 384(E), dated 11<sup>th</sup> April, 1994 and S.O. 935(E), dated 14<sup>th</sup> October, 1998.

μg/m³: micro-gram/m³ i.e. 10<sup>-6</sup>gm/m³ ng/m³: nano-gram/m³ i.e. 10<sup>-9</sup>gm/m³

<sup>\*\* 24</sup> hourly or 08 hourly monitored values, as applicable, shall be complied with 98% of the time in a year. 2 % of the time, they may exceed the limits but not on two consecutive days of monitoring.

Note: Whenever and wherever monitoring results on two consecutive days of monitoring exceed the limits specified above for the respective category, it shall be considered adequate reason to institute regular or continuous monitoring and further investigation.

# Annexure V: General Standards for Discharge of Environmental Pollutants, Part A: Effluents (The Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, Schedule VI)

			Stand	dards	
Sr.	Parameter	Inland surface Water	Public Sewers	Land for Irrigation	Marine Coastal Areas
1.	Colour and Odour	See Note 1		See Note I	See Note 1
2.	Suspended solids, mg/L, Max.	100	600	200	a. For process waste water - 100 b. For cooling water effluent-10 percent above total suspended mailer of influent cooling water.
3.	Particle size of suspended solids	Shall pass 850 micron IS Sieve			a. Floatable solids, Max 3 mm b. Settleable solids Max 850 microns
4.	Dissolved solids (Inorganic), mg/L, Max.	2100	2100	2100	
5.	pH value	5.5 -9.0	5.5 -9.0	5.5 -9.0	5.5-9.0

			Stand	dards	
Sr.	Parameter	Inland surface Water	Public Sewers	Land for Irrigation	Marine Coastal Areas
6.	Temperature °C, Max	Shall not exceed 40 in any section of the stream within 15 mts. Downstream from the effluent outlet	45 at the point of discharge		45 at the point of discharge
7.	Oil and Grease, mg/L, Max	10	20	10	20
8.,	Total Residual chlorine, mg/L, Max	1.0			1.0
9.	Ammonical Nitrogen (as N), mg/L, Max	50	50		50
10.	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (as N), mg/L, Max.	100			100
11.	Free Ammonia (as NH <sub>3</sub> ), mg/L, Max	5.0			5.0
12.	Biochemical oxygen demand (5 days, at 20° c) mg/L, Max	30	350	100	100
13.	Chemical oxygen demand, mg/L, Max	250			250
14.	Arsenic (as As), mg/l, Max	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
15.	Mercury (as Hg). Mg/L, Max	0.01	0.01		0.01
16.	Lead (as Pb), mg/L, Max	0.1	1.0	-	1.0
17.	Cadmium (as Cd), mg/L,	2.0	1.0		2.0

			Stan	dards	
Sr.	Parameter	Inland surface Water	Public Sewers	Land for Irrigation	Marine Coastal Areas
18.	Hexavalent Chromium (as Cr <sup>+6</sup> ) mg/L, Max	.1	2.0		1.0
19.	Total Chromium (as Cr), mg/L, Max	2.0	2.0		2.0
20.	Copper (as Cu), mg/L, Max.	3.0	3.0		3.0
21.	Zinc (as Zn), mg/L, Max.	5.0	15	0	15
22	Selenium (as Se), mg/l, Max.	0.05	0.05		0.05
23	Nickel (as Ni), mg/l, Max.	3.0	3.0		5.0
24	Boron (as B), mg/l, Max.	2.0	2.0	2.0	
25.	Percent Sodium, Max.		60	60	
26.	Residual Sodium carbonate, mg/l, Max.			5.0	
27.	Cyanide (as Cn), mg/L, Max.	0.2	2.0	0.2	0.2
28.	Chloride (as Cl), mg/L, Max.	1000	1000	600	
29.	Fluoride (as F), mg/IL, Max.	2.0	15		15
30.	Dissolved Phosphate (as P), mg/L, Max.	5.0			
31.	Sulphate (as SO <sub>4</sub> ), mg/L, Max.	1000	1000	1000	
32.	Sulphide (as S), mg/L, Max.	2.0			5.0

		Standards			
Sr.	Parameter	Inland surface Water	Public Sewers	Land for Irrigation	Marine Coastal Areas
33.	Pesticides	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent
34.	Phenolic compounds (as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH), mg/L, Max.	1.0	5.0		5.0
35.	Radioactive materials:				
	a. Alpha emitters MC/ml., Max.	10-7	10-7	10 <sup>-8</sup>	10-7
	b. Beta emitters μc/ml., Max	10-6	10-6	10-7	10 <sup>-6</sup>

# Annexure VI: Drinking Water Specification-IS 10500:2012

Sr.	Characteristic	Unit	Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Permissible Limit in the Absence of Alternate Source
Table 1	Organoleptic and Physical Parameters			
1.	Colour	Hazen units	Max 5	Max 15
2.	Odour	-	Agreeable	Agreeable
3.	pH value	-	6.5-8.5	No relaxation
4.	Taste	-	Agreeable	Agreeable
5.	Turbidity	NTU	Max 1	Max 5
6.	Total dissolved solids	mg/L	Max 500	Max 2000
Table 2	General parameters concerning substances undesirable in excessive amounts			
7.	Aluminium (as Al)	mg/L	Max 0.03	Max 0.2
8.	Ammonia (as total ammonia-N)	mg/L	Max 0.5	No relaxation
9.	Anionic detergents (as MBAS)	mg/L	Max 0.2	Max 1.0
10.	Barium (as Ba)	mg/L	Max 0.7	No relaxation
11.	Boron (as B)	mg/L	Max 0.5	Max 1.0
12.	Calcium (as Ca)	mg/L	Max 75	Max 200
13.	Chloramines (as C1 <sub>2</sub> )	mg/L	Max 4.0	No relaxation
14.	Chlorides (as Cl)	mg/L	Max 250	Max 1000
15.	Copper (as Cu)	mg/L	Max 0.05	Max 1.5
16.	Fluoride (as F)	mg/L	Max 1.0	Max 1.5
17.	Free residual chlorine	mg/L	Min 0.2	Min 1

Sr.	Characteristic	Unit	Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Permissible Limit in the Absence of Alternate Source
18.	Iron (as Fe)	mg/L	Max 0.3	No relaxation
19.	Magnesium (as Mg)	mg/L	Max 30	Max100
20.	Manganese (as Mn)	mg/L	Max 0.1	Max 0.3
21.	Mineral Oil	mg/L	Max 0.5	No relaxation
22.	Nitrate (as NO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/L	Max 45	No relaxation
23.	Phenolic compounds (as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH)	mg/L	Max 0.001	Max 0.002
24.	Selenium (as Se)	mg/L	Max 0.01	No relaxation
25.	Silver (as Ag)	mg/L	Max 0.1	No relaxation
26.	Sulphate (as SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/L	Max 200	Max 400
27.	Sulphide (as H <sub>2</sub> S)	mg/L	Max 0.05	No relaxation
28.	Total Alkalinity as calcium carbonate	mg/L	Max 200	Max600
29.	Total hardness (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/L	Max 200	Max 600
30.	Zinc (as Zn)	mg/L	Max 5	Max15
Table 3	Parameters Concerning Toxic Substances			
31.	Cadmium (asCd)	mg/L	Max 0.003	No relaxation
32.	Cyanide (asCN)	mg/L	Max 0.05	No relaxation
33.	Lead (as Pb)	mg/L	Max 0.01	No relaxation
34.	Mercury (asHg)	mg/L	Max 0.001	No relaxation
35.	Molybdenum (as Mo)	mg/L	Max 0.07	No relaxation
36.	Nickel (as Ni)	mg/L	Max 0.02	No relaxation
37.	Pesticides	mg/L	See Table 5	No relaxation
38.	Polychlorinatedbiphenyls	mg/L	Max 0.0005	No relaxation

Sr.	Characteristic	Unit	Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Permissible Limit in the Absence of Alternate Source
39.	Poly nuclear aromatic Hydrocarbons (as PAH)	mg/L	Max 0.0001	No relaxation
40.	Total Arsenic(as As)	mg/L	Max 0.01	Max0.05
41.	Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/L	Max 0.05	No relaxation
42.	Trihalomethanes			
a)	Bromoform	mg/L	Max 0.1	No relaxation
b)	DibromochloroMethane	mg/L	Max 0.1	No relaxation
c)	Bromodichloromethane	mg/L	Max 0.06	No relaxation
d)	Chloroform	mg/L	Max 0.2	No relaxation
Table 4	Parameters Concerning Radioactive Substances			
43.	Radioactive Materials			
a)	Alpha emitters	Bq/L	Max 0.1	No relaxation
b)	Beta emitters	Bq/L	Max 1.0	No relaxation
Table 5	Pesticide Residues Limits and Test Method			
i)	Alachor	μg/L	20	No relaxation
ii)	Atrazine	μg/L	2	No relaxation
iii)	Aldrin/ Dieldrin	μg/L	0.03	No relaxation
iv)	Alpha HCH	μg/L	0.01	No relaxation
v)	Beta HCH	μg/L	0.04	No relaxation
vi)	Butachlor	μg/L	125	No relaxation
vii)	Chlorpyriphos	μg/L	30	No relaxation
viii)	Delta HCH	μg/L	0.04	No relaxation
ix)	2,4- Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	μg/L	30	No relaxation

Sr.	Characteristic	Unit	Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Permissible Limit in the Absence of Alternate Source
x)	DDT (o,p&p,p — Isomers of DDT, DDE and DDD)	μg/L	1	No relaxation
xi)	Endosulfan (α,β & sulphate)	μg/L	0.4	No relaxation
xii)	Ethion	μg/L	3	No relaxation
xiii)	Gamma - HCH (Lindane)	μg/L	2	No relaxation
xiv)	Isoproturon	μg/L	9	No relaxation
xv)	Malathion	μg/L	190	No relaxation
xvi)	Methyl parathion	μg/L	0.3	No relaxation
xvii)	Monocrotophos	μg/L	1	No relaxation
xviii)	Phorate	μg/L	2	No relaxation
Table 6	Bacteriological Quality of Drinking Water			
44.	E.coli or thermotolerant coliform bacteria	/100	Not detectable	-
45.	Total coliform bacteria	/100 mL	Not detectable	-
	Virological Requirements			
46.	MS2 phage	/1 L	Absent	-
	Biological Requirements			
47.	Cryptosporidium	/10 L	Absent	-
48.	Giardia	/10 L	Absent	-
49.	Microscopic organisms such as algae, zooplanktons, flagellates, parasites and toxin producing organisms		Free from microscopic organisms	-

# **Annexure VII: CPCB Water Quality Criteria:**

Designated best use	Quality Class	Primary Water Quality Criteria
Drinking water source without conventional treatment but	А	> Total coliform organisms (MPN*/100 ml) shall be 50 or less
with chlorination		> pH between 6.5 and 8.5
		Dissolved Oxygen 6 mg/Lor more, and
		<ul><li>Biochemical Oxygen Demand 2 mg/Lor less</li></ul>
Outdoor bathing (organized)	В	> Total coliform organisms (MPN/100 ml) shall be 500 or less
		> pH between 6.5 and 8.5
		Dissolved Oxygen 5 mg/Lor more, and
		➤ Biochemical Oxygen Demand 3 mg/Lor less
Drinking water source with conventional treatment	С	> Total coliform organisms (MPN/100ml) shall be 5000 or less
		> pH between 6 and 9
		Dissolved Oxygen 4 mg/Lor more, and
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand 3 mg/Lor less
Propagation of wildlife and	D	> pH between 6.5 and 8.5
fisheries		Dissolved Oxygen 4 mg/Lor more, and
		➤ Free ammonia (as N) 1.2 mg/Lor less
Irrigation, industrial cooling,	E	> pH between 6.0 and 8.5
and controlled disposal		> Electrical conductivity less than 2250 micro mhos/cm,
		> Sodium Absorption Ratio less than 26,
		> and Boron less than 2 mg/l.
	Below E	➤ Not Meeting A, B, C, D & E Criteria

# **Annexure VIII: Water Quality Parameters Requirements and Classification**

Water quality parameters are classified into three categories, given in Table (i), (ii) and (iii) (Source: CPCB, 2002, "Water Quality Criteria and Goals", Monitoring of Indian National aquatic Resources Series: MINARS/17/2001-2002).

Table: Basic Water Quality Requirement and Classification (Surface Water + Ground Water)

# i) Simple Parameters:

Sr.	Parameters	Requirement for Waters of Class		
		A-Excellent	B-Desirable	C-Acceptable
(i)	Sanitary Survey	Very Clean neighborhood and catchment	Reasonably clean neighborhood	Generally clean neighborhood
(ii)	General Appearance	No floating matter	No floating matter	No floating matter
(iii)	Colour	Absolutely Colourless	Almost colourless, very light shade if any	No colour of anthropogenic origin
(iv)	Smell	Odourless	Almost odourless	No unpleasant odour
(v)	Transparency	>1.0 depth	>0.5 to 0.1m depth	>0.2 to 0.5 m depth
(vi)	Ecological* (Presence of Animals)	Fish & Insects	Fish & Insects	Fish & Insects

<sup>\*</sup> Applicable to only surface water

# ii) Regular Monitoring Parameters:

Sr.	Parameters	Requirement for Waters of Class		
		A Excellent	B-Desirable	C-Acceptable
(i)	рН	7.0 to 8.5	6.5 to 9.0	6.5 to 9.0
(ii)	DO (% Saturation)	90-110	80-120	60-140
(iii)	BOD, mg/l	Below 2	Below 5	Below 8
(iv)	EC, µmhos/cm	<1000	<2250	<4000
(v)	(NO <sub>2</sub> +NO <sub>3</sub> )- Nitrogen, mg/l	<5	<10	<15
(vi)	Suspended solid, mg/l	<25	<50	<100

Sr.	Parameters	Requirement for Waters of Class		
		A Excellent	B-Desirable	C-Acceptable
(vii)	Fecal Coliform, MPN/ 100 ml	<20 per 100 ml	<200 per 100 ml	<2000 per 100 ml
(viii)	Bio-assay (Zebra Fish)	No death in 5 days	No death in 3 days	No death in 2 days

# Note:

- 1. Dissolved Oxygen (DO) not applicable for ground waters.
- 2. Dissolved Oxygen in eutrophicated waters should include measurement for diurnal variation.
- 3. Suspended solid limit is applicable only during non-monsoon period.
- 4. Faecal Coliform values should meet for 90% times.
- 5. Static Bio-Assay method may be adopted.

# iii) Specific Parameters: (Only in case of need/apprehensions)

Sr.	Parameters	Requirement for Waters of Class		
		A- Excellent	B-Desirable	C-Acceptable
(i)	Total Phosphorous	<0.1 mg/l	< 0.2 mg/l	< 0.3 mg/l
(ii)	T.K.N	< 1.0 mg/l	<2.0 mg/l	<3.0 mg/l
(iii)	Total Ammonia (NH4 + NH3)- Nitrogen	< 0.5 mg/l	< 1.0 mg/l	< 1.5 mg/l
(iv)	Phenols	< 2µg/l	< 5µg/l	<10 µg/l
(v)	Surface Active Agents	<20 μg/l	<100µg/l	< 200µg/l
(vi)	Organo Chlorine Pesticides	< 0.05µg/l	< 0.1µg/l	< 0.2µg/l
(vii)	PAH	< 0.05µg/l	<0.1 µg/l	<0.2 µg/l
(viii)	PCB and PCT	< 0.01µg/l	< 0.01µg/l	< 0.02µg/l
(ix)	Zinc	< 100µg/l	< 200µg/l	<300 µg/l
(x)	Nickel	< 50µg/l	< 100µg/l	< 200µg/l
(xi)	Copper	< 20µg/l	< 50µg/l	<100µg/l

Sr.	Parameters	Requirement for Waters of Class		
		A- Excellent	B-Desirable	C-Acceptable
(xii)	Chromium (Total)	< 20µg/l	< 50µg/l	< 100µg/l
(xiii)	Arsenic (Total)	< 20µg/l	<50 μg/l	<100 µg/l
(xiv)	Lead	< 20µg/l	< 50µg/l	< 100µg/l
(xv)	Cadmium	< 1.0µg/l	<2.5 μg/l	< 5.0µg/l
(xvi)	Mercury	< 0.2µg/l	< 0.5µg/l	< 1.0µg/l

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