MONITORING, SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS FOR AMBIENT AIR QUALITY, SURFACE WATER QUALITY AND GROUND WATER QUALITY IN CRITICALLY/SEVERELY/OTHER POLLUTED AREAS

NAVI MUMBAI

Pre-Monsoon (April 2025 - June 2025)







MAHARASHTRA POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
महाराष्ट्र प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मंडळ

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ABBREVIATIONS

АРНА	American Public Health Association			
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials			
BIS	Bureau of Indian Standards			
BLQ	Below the Limit of Quantification			
CAAQMS	Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station			
CEMS	Continuous Emission Monitoring System			
СЕРІ	Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index			
СЕТР	Common Effluent Treatment Plant			
СРА	Critically Polluted Area			
СРСВ	Central Pollution Control Board			
EPA	Environmental Protection Act, 1986			
GDP	Gross Domestic Product			
MIDC	Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation			
МРСВ	Maharashtra Pollution Control Board			
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standard			
NWMP	National Water Quality Monitoring Program			
SPA	Severely Polluted Area			
VOCs	VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds			
wно	World Health Organisation			
ZLD	Zero Liquid Discharge			

1. Executive Summary

Navi Mumbai was monitored for Ambient Air Quality, Ground and Surface Water quality. Based on the data collected by monitoring, a Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) Score [as per latest directions 120 of Letter No. B-29012/ESS (CPA)/2015-16 dated 26th April 2016 of Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB)] was calculated. Maharashtra Pollution Control Board (MPCB) has carried out monitoring at CPCB location with the additional locations of sampling for ambient air, surface and ground water in consideration with the previous CEPI monitoring and covering the entire CEPI Impact Zone. The Pre-monsoon monitoring was carried out during the period of April 2025 to June 2025 to assess the ambient air quality, surface water quality and ground water quality.

The Ambient Air Quality stations were identified considering the upwind and cross wind direction in the CEPI impact area. Ambient Air Quality was monitored at five locations. The concentration of all the ambient air parameters was found well within the limits prescribed by NAAQS. Three locations each for surface water and five for groundwater were monitored for the study. Land index is represented by groundwater in the CEPI. Ground water parameters were also found to be within the permissible limits when compared with IS 10500:2012 drinking water standards.

Based on the study conducted by CPCB in March 2018, the CEPI score for the Navi Mumbai region—calculated using the revised 2016 CEPI guidelines—was 66.32, with sub-index scores of Air: 56.00, Water: 63.00, and Land: 16.00. In contrast, the current study for the pre-monsoon season of June 2025 reports an improved aggregated CEPI score of 43.6, with individual scores of Air: 22.00, Water: 42.50, and Land: 8.50. The CEPI score is calculated based on four components: A (pollutant concentration), B (impact), C (health data), and D (pollution control initiatives).

The 'C' factor accounts for health-related data, while the 'D' factor reflects the pollution mitigation efforts undertaken by regulatory authorities. In recent years, the regional offices of MPCB have implemented various initiatives such as the installation of Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations (CAAQMS), operationalization of Common Effluent Treatment Plants (CETPs), and deployment of online VOC analysers. These efforts have significantly contributed to the improvement in environmental quality, thereby positively influencing the CEPI score through factor D.

The overall analysis indicates a noticeable reduction in pollution levels in the Navi Mumbai industrial clusters over time. The CEPI score has declined from 66.32 in 2018 to 43.6 in June 2025, reflecting the effectiveness of ongoing monitoring and pollution control measures in the region.

2. Introduction

As of 2025, the industrial sector continues to be a cornerstone of national economic growth, significantly contributing to production, investment, exports, employment, and resource utilization. It plays a critical role in strengthening government revenue, boosting international trade, enhancing social infrastructure, and creating jobs. The sector's growth rate directly correlates with a country's overall economic trajectory. According to the World GDP Ranking 2024, India now ranks as the world's fifth-largest economy, with industrial development being a major driving force behind this achievement.

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) such as Goal 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth) and Goal 9 (Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure) underscore the importance of balanced and inclusive industrialization. However, the environmental consequences of industrial expansion are becoming increasingly severe and widespread.

Industrial operations, particularly those that lack proper waste management, contribute significantly to the degradation of air, water, and soil quality. The discharge of untreated wastewater into water bodies has made drinking water sources unsafe, threatening human, animal, and aquatic health. Industrial emissions contribute to air pollution, exacerbating respiratory and cardiovascular ailments, especially in vulnerable populations like children. The World Health Organization (WHO) estimates that environmental pollution causes approximately 9 million premature deaths annually. Alarmingly, over 90% of the global population is exposed to air pollution levels that exceed WHO standards, while nearly 2 billion people consume drinking water contaminated with faecal matter, increasing the risk of diseases such as cholera and dysentery.

The ecological consequences are equally alarming. Industrial pollutants contribute to habitat destruction, biodiversity loss, and ecosystem imbalance. Exposure to toxic substances can result in genetic mutations, reproductive failures, and altered behaviour in wildlife, threatening the survival of many species. Vegetation, when exposed to polluted air and water, may suffer from reduced growth, impaired photosynthesis, and greater vulnerability to pests and diseases—ultimately affecting food security and ecological resilience.

In light of these challenges, strong environmental governance is essential. Regulatory frameworks, including pollution monitoring, penalty mechanisms, and environmental impact assessments, are critical for ensuring sustainable industrial growth. Conservation strategies must also adapt to emerging threats through dynamic policy reform, advanced technologies, and cooperative international efforts.

In this context, the Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) has emerged as a vital tool for evaluating pollution in industrial clusters across India. Developed collaboratively by environmental experts, regulators, and community stakeholders, CEPI provides a systematic approach to assessing the cumulative impact of air, water, and land pollution. It guides policymakers

in prioritizing high-risk areas, allocating resources, and implementing focused pollution control measures.

Maharashtra, one of India's most industrially active states, has seen significant use of CEPI in mapping and managing pollution in its industrial zones. By assessing critically and severely polluted areas, CEPI supports evidence-based decisions and targeted regulatory action.

The CEPI's utility extends beyond assessment—it functions as a strategic catalyst for remediation, community protection, and long-term environmental planning. By identifying pollution hotspots and at-risk populations, CEPI informs interventions that uphold environmental health and industrial accountability.

This report focuses on Chembur, Mumbai, and Navi Mumbai, with an emphasis on their environmental status as assessed through the revised CEPI 2016 framework. Navi Mumbai, conceived in 1972 as a planned satellite city to decongest Mumbai, has evolved into a prominent industrial and ecological zone. With over 3,250 industries—spanning pharmaceuticals, petrochemicals, textiles, and chemicals—located in the TTC MIDC area, the region faces mounting environmental stress from industrial emissions, vehicular pollution, and construction activities.

Through detailed monitoring of ambient air, surface water, and groundwater quality, this study offers a comprehensive CEPI-based environmental assessment of the region. The findings aim to support regulatory actions, inform policy decisions, and promote sustainable industrial practices. While the challenges are significant, ongoing CEPI-driven action plans provide a framework for restoring environmental quality and achieving long-term sustainability in Navi Mumbai and beyond.



Fig. Navi Mumbai Region - CEPI Monitoring Zone

3. Scope of Work

The major scope of work includes:

- I. The scope of the present study is to perform three (3) rounds of "Monitoring, Sampling and Analysis for Ambient Air Quality, VOCs in Ambient Air, Surface Water Quality & Ground Water Quality in selected Pollution Industrial Areas (PIAs) of Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra" with a gap of one or two days. The analysis of the collected samples was carried out by the standard methods (CPCB, BIS, APHA, USEPA).
- II. To Collect health-related data in the CEPI region.
- III. To calculate the Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) Score as per Revised CEPI-2016 issued by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB).

The sampling details and frequency of sampling in Ambient Air, VOCs, Surface Water and Ground Water are given in Table 3.1 and Table 3.2 respectively.

Table 3.1 Sampling Details of Navi Mumbai

Sampling Criteria	Total Sites	Monitoring Parameters		
Ambient Air Quality	05	PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , SO ₂ , NO ₂ , NH ₃ , O ₃ , C ₆ H ₆ , CO, BAP, Pb, Ni, As		
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	02	Dichloromethane, Chloroform, Carbon Tetrachloride, Trichloroethylene, Bromodichloromethane, 1,3-Dichloropropane, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane, Naphthalene, Bromobenzene,1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, 2-Chlorotoluene, Tert-Butylbenzene, SEC-Butylbenzene, P-Isopropyl toluene, M-Xylene, P-Xylene, Styrene, Cumene 1,2,3-Trichloropropane, N-Propyl benzene, Dibromochloromethane, 1,2-Dibromoethane, Chlorobenzene, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane, Ethylbenzene, 1,1-Dichloropropane, Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, 1,2-Dichloropropene, 1,2-Trichloroethane, Tetrachloroethylene, 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, N-Butylbenzene, 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, 1,2-Dichloropropane, Dibromo methane, Toluene, O-Xylene, Bromoform, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, 4-Chlorotoluene, 1,1-Dichloroethylene, Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, 1,1-Dichloroethane, CIS-1,2-Dichloroethylene, 1,1-Dichloroethane, CIS-1,2-Dichloroethylene, 1,1-Dichloroethane, CIS-1,2-Dichloroethylene, 1,1-Dichloroethane, CIS-1,2-		

Sampling Criteria	Total Sites	Monitoring Parameters		
		Dichloroethylene, Bromochloromethane, 1,1,1- Trichloroethane		
		(i) Simple Parameters		
		Sanitary Survey, General Appearance, Colour, Smell, Transparency and Ecological		
		(ii) Regular Monitoring Parameters		
Water Quality Monitoring	Surface water - 03	pH, O & G, Suspended Solids, DO, COD, BOD, TDS, Electrical Conductivity, Total Dissolved Solids, Nitrite–Nitrogen, Nitrate-Nitrogen, (NO ₂ +NO ₃) total nitrogen, Free Ammonia, Total Residual Chlorine, Cyanide, Fluoride, Chloride, Sulphate, Sulphides, Total Hardness, Dissolved Phosphates, SAR, Total Coliforms, Faecal Coliform		
Monitoring		(iii) Special Parameters		
	Ground water - 05	Total Phosphorous, TKN, Total Ammonia (NH ₄ +NH ₃)-Nitrogen, Phenols, Surface Active Agents, Anionic detergents, Organo-Chlorine Pesticides, PAH, PCB and PCT, Zinc, Nickel, Copper, Hexa-valent Chromium, Chromium (Total), Arsenic (Total), Lead, Cadmium, Mercury, Manganese, Iron, Vanadium, Selenium, Boron		
		(iv) Bioassay (zebra Fish) Test – For specified samples only.		

Table 3.2 Frequency of Sampling

	Parameter	Round of Sampling	Frequency in Each Round
A	Ambient Air Quality Monitoring		
1.	Particulate Matter (size less than 10 μ m) or PM ₁₀	03	3 Shifts of 8 hrs each
2.	Particulate Matter (size less than 2.5 μ m) or PM _{2.5}	03	1 Shift of 24 hrs
3.	Sulphur Dioxide (SO ₂)	03	6 Shifts of 4 hrs each
4.	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	03	6 Shifts of 4 hrs each
5.	Ammonia (NH ₃)	03	6 Shifts of 4 hrs each
6.	Ozone (O ₃)	03	24 Shifts of 1 hr each
7.	Benzene (C ₆ H ₆)	03	1 Shifts of 24 hrs
8.	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	03	24 Shifts of 1 hr each
9.	Benzo (a) Pyrene (BaP) – particulate phase only	03	3 Shifts of 8 hrs each
10.	Lead (Pb)	03	3 Shifts of 8 hrs each
11.	Arsenic (As)	03	3 Shifts of 8 hrs each
12.	Nickel (Ni)	03	3 Shifts of 8 hrs each
В	Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)		
	As mentioned in Table 3.1	03	3 Shifts of 24 hrs each
С	Ground Water		
	As mentioned in Table 3.1	03	01 sample at each round
D	Surface Water		
	As mentioned in Table 3.1	03	01 sample at each round

4. Methodology

The present report is based on the revised Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) version 2016. The index captures the various dimensions of the environment including air, water and land. Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) is a rational number, which is used to characterize the environmental quality at a given location. It is three-step process based on the algorithm of Source, Pathway and Receptor.



Ambient air stations, Surface water locations and Ground water locations were decided by the respective regional officers. The sampling was done in 3 rounds with an interval of one or two days at each location. Sampling has been done at the potentially polluted areas so as to arrive at the CEPI. This will further help the authorities to monitor the areas in order to improve the current status of their environmental components such as air and water quality data, ecological damage and visual environmental conditions.



5. Air Environment

For studying the Air Environment of Navi Mumbai area, monitoring stations were identified considering the upwind and cross wind direction and all 12 parameters as per the notification of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) were carried out.

*Kindly note: Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) concentration is not detected in most of the Air samples collected; hence it is not shown in the graphs.

In Navi Mumbai Five locations have been monitored for checking the Ambient Air Quality (AAQ) in triplicate from 25th May 2025 to 29th May 2025. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) were monitored at 1 locations namely Zoetis Pharmaceuticals Research Pvt. Ltd.

Table 5.1 Details of Sampling Location of Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

Sr.	Name of	Latitude	Longitudo	Date of Sampling		
No.	Monitoring Location	Latitude	Longitude	Round-1	Round-2	Round-3
1.	DY Patil Hospital	N19 ⁰ 02'27.88"	E73 ⁰ 01'27.22"	25.05.2025	27.05.2025	29.05.2025
2.	TTCWMA, Mahape	N19 ⁰ 06'28.72"	E73°01'51.68"	25.05.2025	27.05.2025	29.05.2025
3.	Nearby Reliable IT Park	N19º06'30.77"	E73 ⁰ 01'49.57"	25.05.2025	27.05.2025	29.05.2025
4.	Nearby Zoetis Pharmaceutic als Research Pvt. Ltd.	N19°03'59.58"	E73°01'32.13"	25.05.2025	27.05.2025	29.05.2025
5.	CETP Koparkharine, near ETP Table No. I	N19º04'30.99"	E73º04'03.74"	25.05.2025	27.05.2025	29.05.2025

Table 5.2 Details of Sampling Location of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)

Monitoring

Sr.	Name of Monitoring	Latitude	Longitudo	Date of Sampling		
No.	Location	Latitude	Longitude	Round-1	Round-2	Round-3
1.	Nearby Zoetis Pharmaceutic als Research Pvt. Ltd.	N19°03'59.58"	E73°01'32.13"	25.05.2025	27.05.2025	29.05.2025

Sr.	Name of Monitoring	Latituda	Longitudo	Date of Sampling		
No.	Location	Latitude	Longitude	Round-1	Round-2	Round-3
2.	Nearby Deepak Fertilizer and Petrochemicals	N19 ⁰ 04'08.26"	E73 ⁰ 07'59.22"	25.05.2025	27.05.2025	29.05.2025



Fig: Geographical Locations of Ambient Air Quality Monitoring



Fig. Geographical Locations of VOCs Monitoring

Table 5.3 Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Results

		Results				
Parameters	Unit	DY Patil Hospital	TTC WMA, Mahape	Nearby Reliable IT Park	Nearby Zoetis Pharmace uticals Research Pvt. Ltd.	CETP Koparkhar ine Near ETP Table No. I
Sulphur Dioxide (SO ₂)	μg/m³	7	10	9	11	12
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	μg/m³	45	50	34	46	39
Particulate Matter (size less than 10 µm) or PM ₁₀	μg/m³	47	45	50	47	44
Particulate Matter (size less than 2.5 µm) or PM _{2.5}	μg/m³	12	13	13	13	12
Ozone (O ₃)	μg/m³	27	29	30	30	25
Lead (Pb)	μg/m³	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ

			Results					
Parameters	Unit	DY Patil Hospital	TTC WMA, Mahape	Nearby Reliable IT Park	Nearby Zoetis Pharmace uticals Research Pvt. Ltd.	CETP Koparkhar ine Near ETP Table No. I		
Carbon Monoxide (CO) (1h)	mg/m³	1.34	1.36	1.36	1.31	1.40		
Carbon Monoxide (CO) (8h)	mg/m³	1.47	1.47	1.46	1.52	1.52		
Ammonia (NH ₃)	μg/m³	58.6	50.0	44.7	49.1	39.2		
Benzene (C ₆ H ₆)	μg/m³	1.60	1.75	1.72	1.75	1.67		
Benzo (a) Pyrene (BaP) – particulate phase only	ng/m³	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ		
Arsenic (As)	ng/m³	BLQ	BLQ	0.33	BLQ	BLQ		
Nickel (Ni)	ng/m³	9	9	8	11	9		

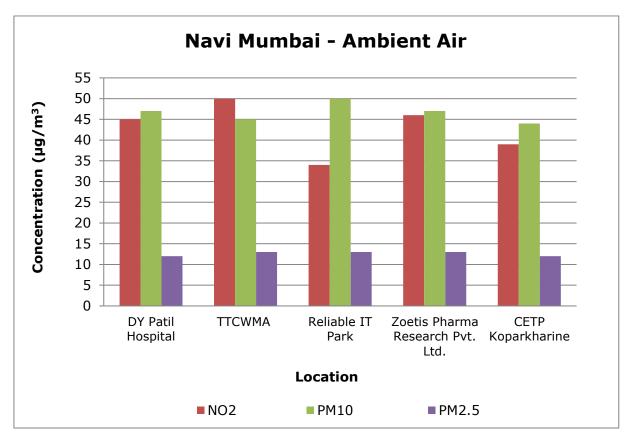
Table 5.4 Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Air Results

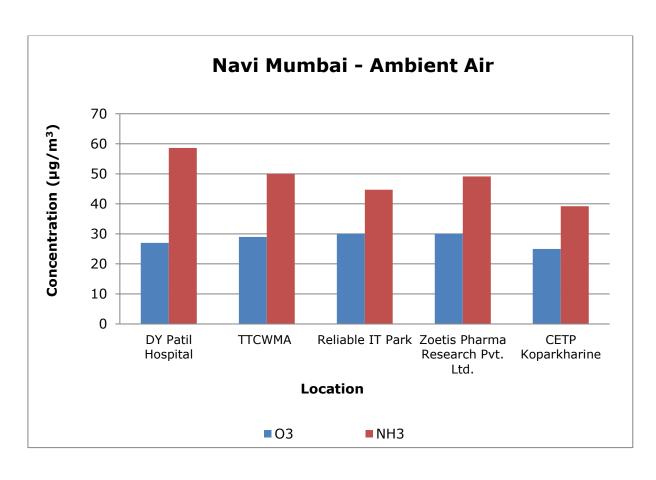
Parameters	Unit	Results
		Zoetis Pharmaceuticals Research Pvt. Ltd.
Dichloromethane	μg/m³	BLQ
Chloroform	μg/m³	0.68
Carbon Tetrachloride	μg/m³	BLQ
Trichloroethylene	μg/m³	BLQ
Bromodichloromethane	μg/m³	BLQ
1,3-Dichloropropane	μg/m³	BLQ
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	μg/m³	BLQ

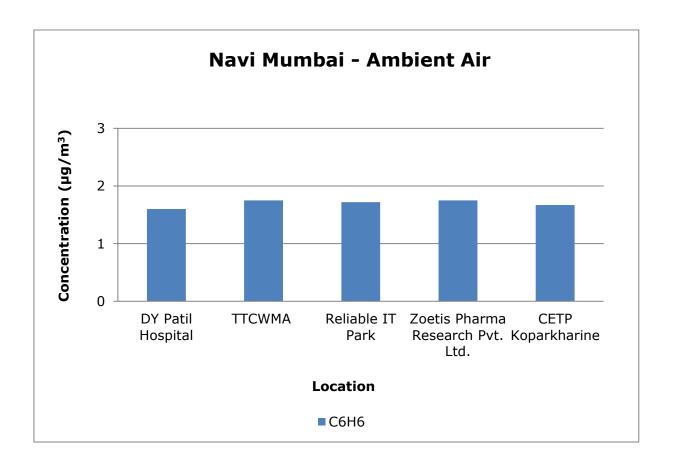
Parameters	Unit	Results Zoetis Pharmaceuticals
		Research Pvt. Ltd.
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	μg/m³	BLQ
Naphthalene	μg/m³	BLQ
Bromobenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
2-Chlorotoluene	μg/m³	BLQ
Tert-Butylbenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
SEC-Butylbenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
P-Isopropyl toluene	μg/m³	BLQ
M-Xylene	μg/m³	BLQ
P-Xylene	μg/m³	BLQ
Styrene	μg/m³	BLQ
Cumene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	μg/m³	BLQ
N-Propyl benzene	μg/m³	BLQ
Dibromochloromethane	μg/m³	BLQ
1,2-Dibromoethane	μg/m³	BLQ
Chlorobenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/m³	BLQ
Ethylbenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,1-Dichloropropylene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,2-Dichloroethane	μg/m³	1.22
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/m³	BLQ
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/m³	BLQ
CIS 1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/m³	BLQ
Tetrachloroethylene	μg/m³	0.55
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
N-Butylbenzene	μg/m³	BLQ

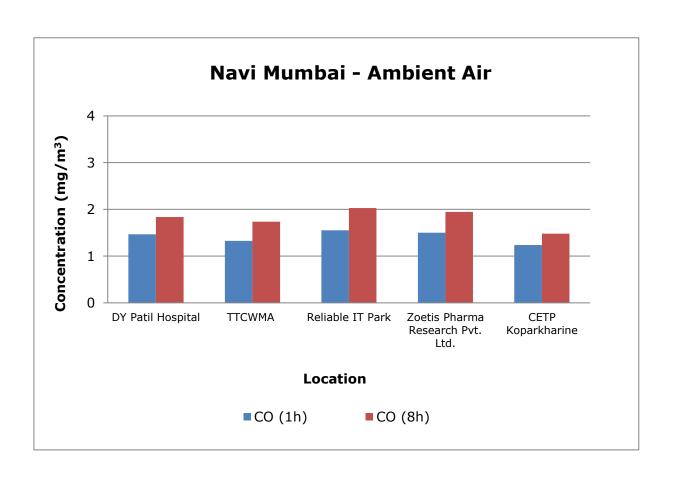
Parameters	Unit	Results
		Zoetis Pharmaceuticals Research Pvt. Ltd.
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
Hexachlorobutadiene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	μg/m³	BLQ
2,2-Dichloropropane	μg/m³	BLQ
Dibromo methane	μg/m³	BLQ
Toluene	μg/m³	0.75
O-Xylene	μg/m³	BLQ
Bromoform	μg/m³	BLQ
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/m³	BLQ
4-Chlorotoluene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,1-Dichloroethylene	μg/m³	BLQ
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	μg/m³	BLQ
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/m³	BLQ
CIS-1,2-Dichloroethylene	μg/m³	BLQ
Bromochloromethane	μg/m³	BLQ
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/m³	BLQ

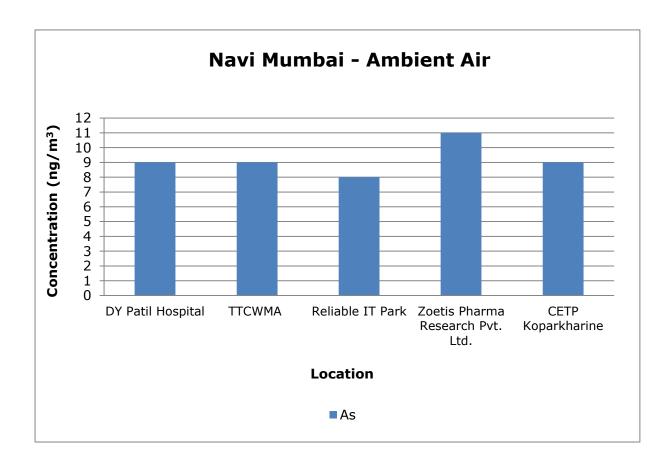
Graphs - Ambient Air Quality Monitoring in Navi Mumbai











6. Water Environment

For studying the water environment of Navi Mumbai area, surface water was collected from Nallah, Lake and River. To understand the quality of treated effluent, samples were collected from following three industries - (i) Airoli Creek Taloja (ii) Vashi Creek (ii) CETP Outlet (iii) Siemens Nallah The following points are observed through the analysis of water samples:

- All water samples collected are found acceptable in general appearance, colour and smell.
- General parameters like suspended solids, oil and Grease are observed well within the limits in all the samples.
- pH is observed in the range of 7.7 to 7.8
- TDS concentration of Airoli Creek at Airoli Bridge and Vashi Creek at Vashi Bridge is observed beyond the permissible limit of 2000mg/L
- The COD and BOD concentrations in all the samples were found to exceed the permissible limits.
- In fish bioassay, 50-63% survival of fishes in the water samples collected.
- All metals like Arsenic, lead, cadmium and mercury were also observed either below the limit of quantification (BLQ) or below their standard limits.
- Parameters like Total Residual Chlorine, Cyanide, Sulphide, Dissolved Phosphate, Total Ammonical Nitrogen and Phenolic compounds also meet the criteria as prescribed by CPCB.
- Organo Chlorine Pesticides, Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) and Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) are also observed below the limit of quantification in all the studied samples.

Table 6.1 Details of Sampling Location of Surface Water

Sr.	Name of			Da	ite of Sampli	ng
No	Monitoring Location	Latitude	Longitude	Round-1	Round-2	Round-3
1.	Airoli Creek at Airoli Bridge	N19º08'09.00"	E72 ⁰ 59'59.03"	26.05.2025	28.05.2025	31.05.2025
2.	Vashi Creek at Vashi Bridge	N19 ⁰ 03'83.20"	E72 ⁰ 58'68.20"	26.05.2025	28.05.2025	31.05.2025
3.	Siemens Nallah	N19°09'3.11"	E73° 0'18.78"	26.05.2025	28.05.2025	31.05.2025



Fig: Geographical Locations of Surface Water Sampling

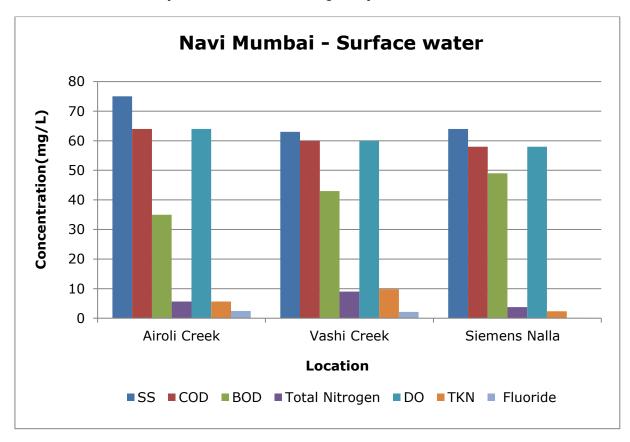
Table 6.2 Results of Surface Water

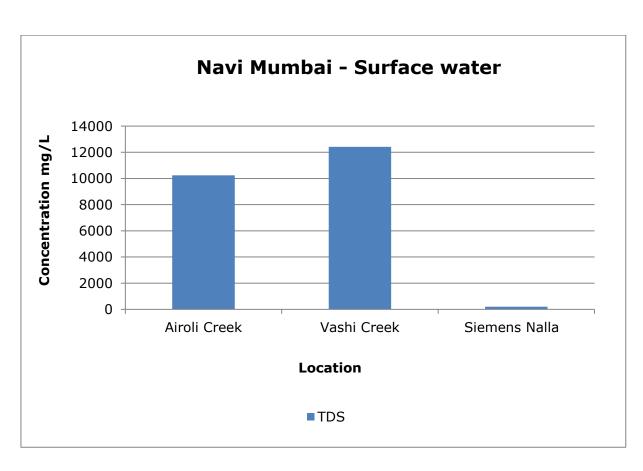
D	11		Results	
Parameters	Unit	Airoli Creek at Airoli Bridge	Vashi Creek at Vashi Bridge	Siemens Nallah
Sanitary Survey	-	Reasonably clean neighbourhood	Reasonably clean neighbourhood	Reasonably clean neighbourhood
General Appearance	-	No Floating matter	No Floating matter	No Floating matter
Transparency	m	0.6	0.6	0.4
Temperature	°C	27	26	27
Colour	Hazen	5	1	2
Smell	-	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
рН	-	7.8	7.7	7.8
Oil & Grease	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Suspended Solids	mg/L	75	63	64
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	10243	12421	200
Dissolved Oxygen (% Saturation)	%	64	60	58
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	35	43	49
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (3 days,27°C)	mg/L	9	11	13
Electrical Conductivity (at 25 °C)	µmho/cm	18292	22180	358

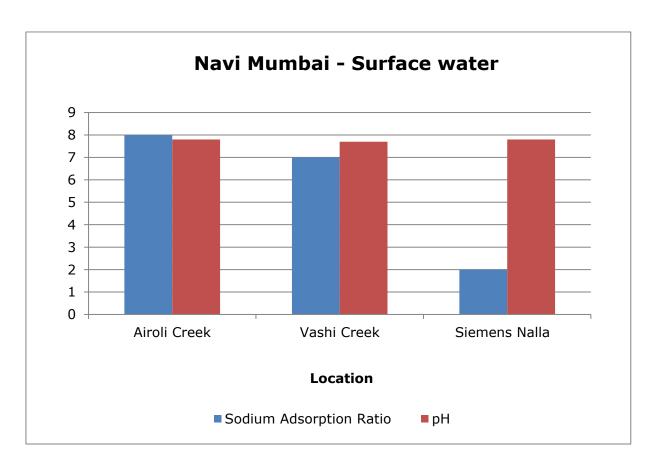
			Results	
Parameters	Unit	Airoli Creek at Airoli Bridge	Vashi Creek at Vashi Bridge	Siemens Nallah
Nitrite Nitrogen (as NO ₂)	mg/L	0.03	0.21	0.09
Nitrate Nitrogen (as NO ₃)	mg/L	1.9	2.3	1.0
(NO ₂ + NO ₃)-Nitrogen	mg/L	1.92	2.52	1.06
Free Ammonia (as NH ₃ -N)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Total Residual Chlorine	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Cyanide (as CN)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Fluoride (as F)	mg/L	2.45	2.15	0.11
Sulphide (as H ₂ S)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Dissolved Phosphate (as P)	mg/L	1.64	2.10	0.15
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	-	8	7	2
Total Coliforms	MPN Index/ 100 ml	1010	276	584
Faecal Coliforms	MPN Index/ 100 ml	310	176	567
Total Phosphate (as P)	mg/L	2.85	3.40	0.22
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (as N)	mg/L	5.62	9.8	2.34
Total Ammonia (NH ₄ +NH ₃)- Nitrogen	mg/L	1.88	2.09	0.61
Total Nitrogen	mg	5.63	9.02	3.77
Phenols (as C ₆ H ₅ OH)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Anionic Detergents (as MBAS Calculated as LAS, mol.wt.288.38)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Organo Chlorine Pesticides	μg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (as PAH)	mg/L	0.003	0.003	0.002
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Zinc (as Zn)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	0.32
Nickel (as Ni)	mg/L	0.03	0.02	0.07
Copper (as Cu)	mg/L	0.03	0.04	0.02
Hexavalent Chromium (as Cr ⁶⁺)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/L	0.06	0.05	0.05
Total Arsenic (as As)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Lead (as Pb)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ

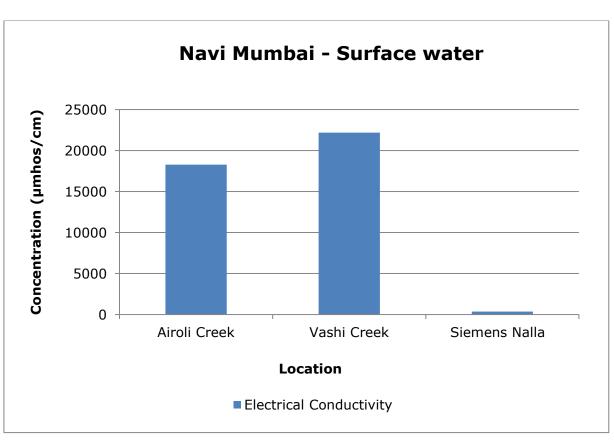
_			Results	
Parameters	Unit	Airoli Creek at Airoli Bridge	Vashi Creek at Vashi Bridge	Siemens Nallah
Mercury (as Hg)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Manganese (as Mn)	mg/L	0.12	0.10	0.08
Iron (as Fe)	mg/L	0.78	3.22	0.71
Vanadium (as V)	mg/L	BLQ	0.02	0.10
Selenium (as Se)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Boron (as B)	mg/L	0.8	0.9	BLQ
Bioassay Test on fish	% survival	50	60	63

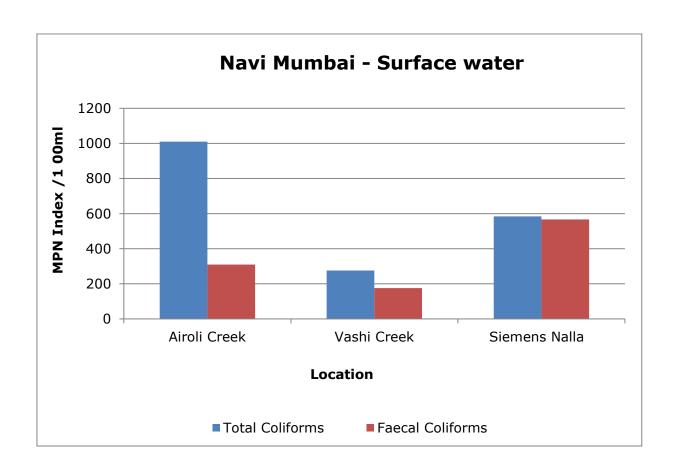
Graphs - Surface Water Quality of Navi Mumbai

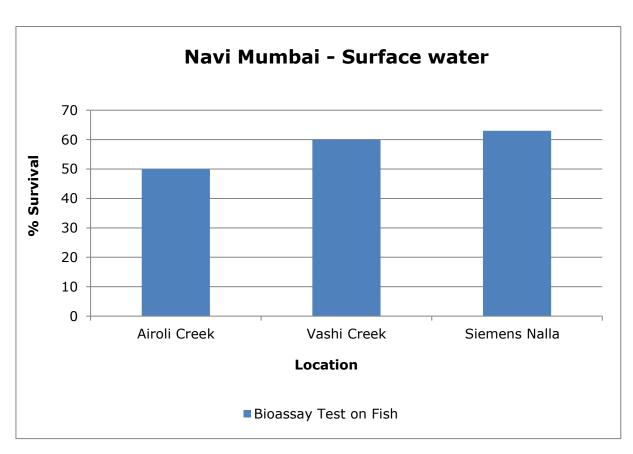












7. Land Environment

For studying the land Environment of Navi Mumbai area, ground water was collected from Bore well. Dug well, and Hand Pump. A total of 5 samples were collected from i) Dug well at Turbhe Gaon (ii) MSW Dumping Ground (iii) MSW TTC Area (iv) TTC WMA (v) TTC Plot no. 142 MIDC

Five ground water samples were collected from MIDC Navi Mumbai region.

- All the water samples collected are found acceptable in general appearance, colour and smell.
- pH is found in the range of 7.8 to 8.2.
- In Fish Bioassay, all water samples achieved 100% fish survival.
- All metals like Arsenic, Copper, Hexavalent Chromium (Cr⁶⁺), etc. were also observed either below the limit quantification or below their standard limits.
- Parameters like Total Residual Chlorine, Cyanide, Fluoride, Sulphide, Dissolved Phosphate,
 Total Ammonical Nitrogen and Phenolic compounds also met the criteria as prescribed by CPCB.
- Organo Chlorine Pesticides, Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) and Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) were below the limit quantification in all studied samples.

Table 7.1 Details of Sampling Location of Ground Water

Sr.	Name of		Langibuda	Da	ite of Sampli	ng
No	Monitoring Location	Latitude	Longitude	Round-1	Round-2	Round-3
1.	Dug Well at Turbhe Gaon	N19°04'16.3"	E 73°0'34.09"	26.05.2025	28.05.2025	30.05.2025
2.	Navi Mumbai MSW Dumping Ground Borewell Water Turbhe	N19 ⁰ 04'42.97"	E73 ⁰ 01'36.71"	26.05.2025	28.05.2025	30.05.2025
3.	MSW, TTC Area Borewell	N19º04'40.94"	E73 ⁰ 08'15.11"	26.05.2025	28.05.2025	30.05.2025
4.	TTC WMA Site Borewell	N19º06'31.05"	E73 ⁰ 01'49.67"	26.05.2025	28.05.2025	30.05.2025
5.	TTC Plot no. 142 Borewell	N19 ⁰ 05'46.58"	E73 ⁰ 01'27.10"	26.05.2025	28.05.2025	30.05.2025



Fig: Geographical Locations of Groundwater Sampling in Navi Mumbai

Table 7.2 Results of Ground Water

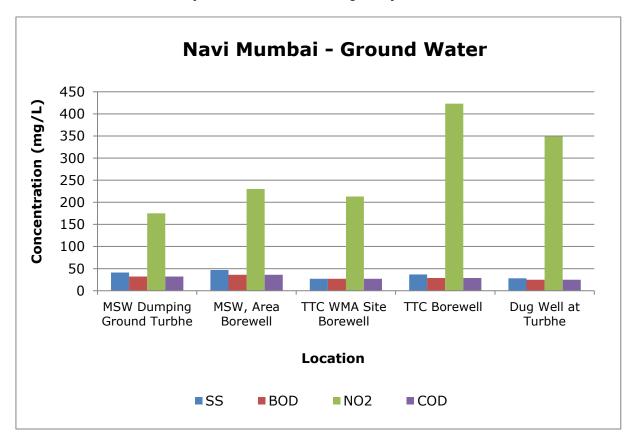
				Results		
Parameters	Unit	Dug Well at Turbhe Gaon, Navi Mumbai	Ground	MSW, Area Borewell Navi Mumbai	TTC WMA Site Borewell	TTC Plot no. 142 Borewell
Sanitary Survey	-	Reasonably clean neighbourho od	Reasonably clean neighbourho od	clean	Reasonably clean neighbourh ood	Reasonably clean neighbourhoo d
General Appearance	-	No Floating matter	No Floating matter	No Floating matter	No Floating matter	No Floating matter
Transparency	m	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Temperature	°C	27	29	29	28	28
Colour	Hazen	1	1	1	1	1

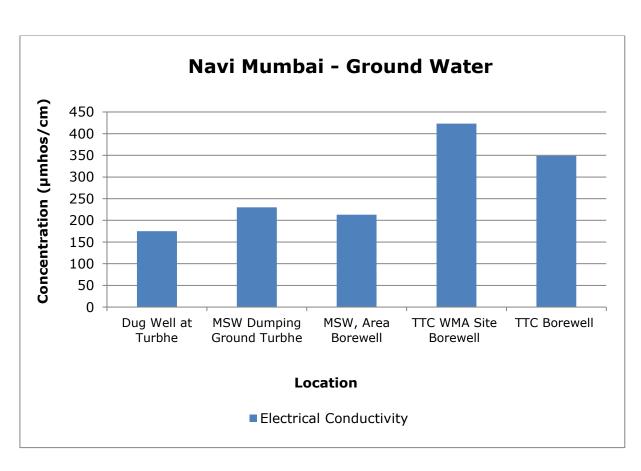
				Results		
Parameters	Unit	Dug Well at Turbhe Gaon, Navi Mumbai	Navi Mumbai MSW Dumping Ground Borewell Water Turbhe Navi Mumbai	MSW, Area Borewell Navi Mumbai	TTC WMA Site Borewell	TTC Plot no. 142 Borewell
Smell	-	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeabl e	Agreeabl e	Agreeable
рН	-	8.2	7.8	8.1	8.1	7.8
Oil & Grease	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Suspended Solids	mg/L	41	47	27	37	28
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	98	128	119	249	195
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	32	36	27	29	25
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (3 days,27°C)	mg/L	8	9	7	8	6
Electrical Conductivity (at 25 °C)	µmho/c m	175	230	213	423	349
Nitrite Nitrogen (as NO ₂)	mg/L	BLQ	0.1	0.03	0.06	BLQ
Nitrate Nitrogen (as NO ₃)	mg/L	0	2	2	2	1
(NO ₂ + NO ₃)- Nitrogen	mg/L	0	2	3	3	1
Free Ammonia (as NH ₃ -N)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Total Residual Chlorine	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Cyanide (as CN)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Fluoride (as F)	mg/L	BLQ	0	BLQ	0	BLQ
Sulphide (as H ₂ S)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Dissolved Phosphate (as P)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	0	0
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	-	1.69	2.03	1.25	1.80	1.97
Total Coliforms	MPN Index/ 100 ml	23	182	90	13	179
Faecal Coliforms	MPN Index/ 100 ml	23	179	89	13	179

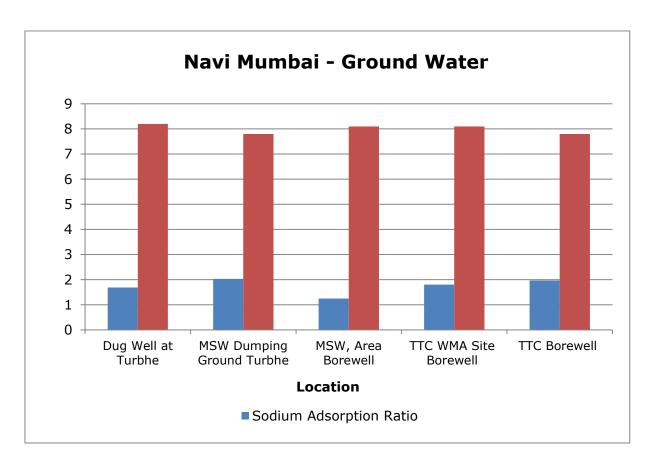
			Results	Results		
Parameters	Unit	Dug Well at Turbhe Gaon, Navi Mumbai	Navi Mumbai MSW Dumping Ground Borewell Water Turbhe Navi Mumbai	MSW, Area Borewell Navi Mumbai	TTC WMA Site Borewell	TTC Plot no. 142 Borewell
Total Phosphate (as P)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	0.22	0.24
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (as N)	mg/L	1.5	2.3	BLQ	0.89	0.67
Total Ammonia (NH ₄ +NH ₃)-Nitrogen	mg/L	BLQ	0.16	BLQ	0.18	BLQ
Total Nitrogen	mg/L	1.68	5.72	3.41	2.95	2.81
Phenols (as C ₆ H ₅ OH)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Anionic Detergents (as MBAS Calculated as LAS, mol.wt.288.38)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Organo Chlorine Pesticides	μg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (as PAH)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Zinc (as Zn)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Nickel (as Ni)	mg/L	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
Copper (as Cu)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	0.06	0.04
Hexavalent Chromium (as Cr ⁶⁺)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Total Chromium (as Cr)	mg/L	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.05
Total Arsenic (as As)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Lead (as Pb)	mg/L	0.009	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Cadmium (as Cd)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Mercury (as Hg)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Manganese (as Mn)	mg/L	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03
Iron (as Fe)	mg/L	0.23	0.24	0.25	0.19	0.20
Vanadium (as V)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	0.011
Selenium (as Se)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ
Boron (as B)	mg/L	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ	BLQ

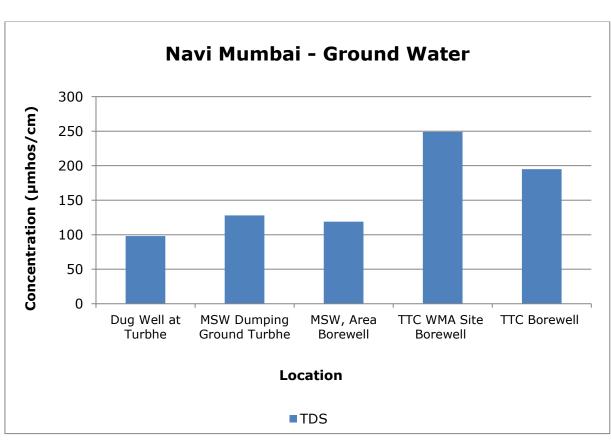
Results						
Parameters	Unit	Dug Well at Turbhe Gaon, Navi Mumbai	Navi Mumbai MSW Dumping Ground Borewell Water Turbhe Navi Mumbai	MSW, Area Borewell Navi Mumbai	TTC WMA Site Borewell	TTC Plot no. 142 Borewell
Bioassay Test on fish	% survival	100	100	100	100	100

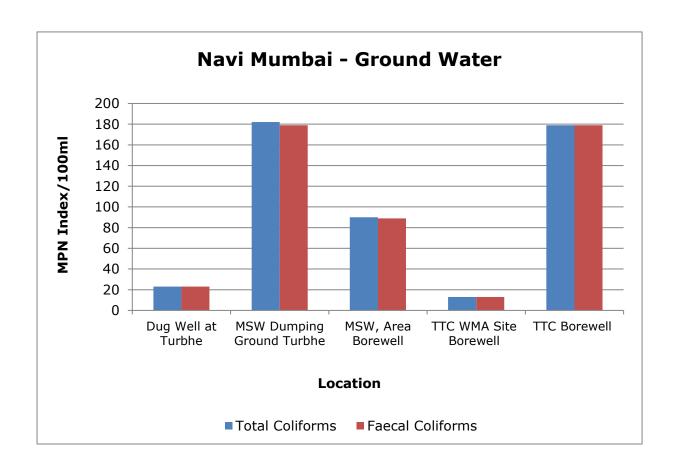
Graphs - Ground Water Quality of Navi Mumbai

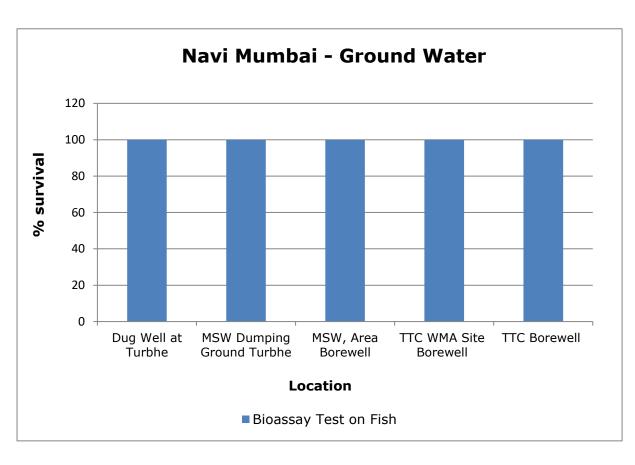












8. Health Related Data

C: Receptor

Component C (Impact on Human Health) 10				
Main - 10				
% increase in cases	Marks			
<5%	0			
5-10%	5			
>10%	10			

- % increase is evaluated based on the total no. of cases recorded during two consecutive years.
- For Air Environment, total no. of causes related to Asthma, Bronchitis, Cancer, Acute respiratory infections etc. are to be considered.
- For surface water/ ground water Environment, cases related to Gastroenteritis, Diarrhoea, renal (kidney) malfunction, cancer etc are to be considered.
- For the above evaluation, the previous 5 years records of 3-5 major hospitals of the area shall be considered.

Annexure - I Health Related Data enclosed.

9. CEPI Score

Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI) is intended to act as early warning tool which helps in categorization of industrial clusters/ areas in terms of priority of needing attention. The CEPI score have been calculated based on CPCB Letter No. B-29012/ESS (CPA)/2015-16 dated 26th April 2016. The scoring system involves an algorithm that considers the basic selection criteria. It is proposed to develop the CEPI based on Sources of pollution, real time observed values of the pollutants in the ambient air, surface water and ground water in & around the industrial cluster and health related statistics.

Table 8.1 CEPI score of the Pre-monsoon season 2025

	A1	A2	Α	В	С	D	СЕРІ
Air Index	3	4	12	0	10	0	22.00
Water Index	2.5	4	10	32.5	0	0	42.50
Land Index	1.75	4	7	1.5	0	0	8.50
Aggregated CEPI							43.60

Table 8.2 Comparison of CEPI Scores

Year	Air Index	Water Index	Land Index	СЕРІ
CEPI score June 2025	22.00	42.50	8.50	43.60
CEPI score June 2024	22.00	38.00	18.00	40.50
CEPI score June 2024	12.00	54.25	27.50	55.80
CEPI score March 2023	28.00	50.00	29.00	54.10
CEPI score June 2023	36.00	49.30	16.00	52.20
CEPI score March 2023	36.00	50.75	16.00	53.59
CEPI Score June 2021	35.00	48.25	39.25	55.36
CEPI Score March 2021	42.75	43.75	36.00	52.40
CEPI score March 2020	50.80	17.80	25.30	53.00
CEPI score June 2019	46.25	30.00	25.50	50.36

Year	Air Index	Water Index	Land Index	CEPI
CEPI score June 2025	22.00	42.50	8.50	43.60
CEPI score June 2024	22.00	38.00	18.00	40.50
CEPI score March 2019	40.0	32.5	22.5	44.39
CEPI score June 2018	40.0	22.0	13.5	41.78
CEPI score March 2018	48.0	53.75	56.25	67.54
CPCB CEPI score March 2018	56.00	63.00	16.00	66.32

CEPI Score Calculations:

Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra - CEPI - JUNE 2025

Ambient Air Analysis report

Pollutant	Group	A1	A2	A
CO	В	2		(A1 X A2)
PM ₁₀	В	0.5	Large	
PM _{2.5}	В	0.5		
		3	4	12

Pollutant	Avg (1)	Std (2)	EF (3) [(3)=(1) /(2)]	No. of samples Exceeding (4)	Total no. of samples (5)	SNLF Value (6) [(6)=(4)/ (5)x(3)]		NLF e (B)
CO	1.5	2	0.75	0	5	0.00	L	0
PM ₁₀	46.7	100	0.47	0	5	0.00	Г	0
PM _{2.5}	12.6	60	0.21	0	5	0.00	L	0
B score =	(B1+B2+E	33)					В	0

С	10	>10%
D	0	A-A-IA

Air CEPI	(A+B+C+D)	22.0
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Water Quality Analysis report

Pollutant	Group	A1	A2	A
BOD	В	2		(A1 X A2)
Zn	Α	0.25	Large	
TN	Α	0.25		
		2.5	4	10

Pollutant	Avg (1)	Std (2)	EF (3) [(3)=(1) /(2)]	No. of samples Exceeding (4)	Total no. of samples (5)	SNLF Value (6) [(6)=(4)/ (5)x(3)]		NLF re (B)
BOD	10.78	8	1.35	3	3	1.35	С	30
Zn	0.32	0.3	1.07	0	3	0.00	L	2.5
TN	6.14	15	0.41	0	3	0.00	L	0
B score = (B1+B2+B3)					В	32.5		

С	0	<5 %
D	0	A-A-A

Water CEPI	(A+B+C+D)	42.5	

Ground Water Quality Analysis report

Pollutant	Group	A1	A2	A
Fe	Α	1		(A1 X A2)
TP	В	0.5	Large	
TDS	Α	0.25		
		1.75	4	7

Pollutant	Avg (1)	Std (2)	EF (3) [(3)=(1) /(2)]	No. of samples Exceeding (4)	Total no. of samples (5)	SNLF Value (6) [(6)=(4)/ (5)x(3)]		NLF re (B)
Fe	0.22	0.3	0.73	0	5	0.00	L	0
TP	0.23	0.3	0.77	0	5	0.00	┙	1.5
TDS	157.8	2000	0.08	0	5	0.00	L	0
B score = (B1+B2+B3)						В	1.5	

С	0	<5 %
D	0	A-A-A

Land CEPI	(A+B+C+D)	8.5

Water CEPI Score (im) 42.50

Air CEPI Score (i2) 22.00

Land Score (i3) 8.50

Aggregated CEPI Score = $im + \{(100-im)*i2/100)*i3/100)\}$

where, im = maximum sub index; and i2 and i3 are sub-indices for other media

CEPI Score <u>43.60</u>

10. Conclusion

Ambient Air Quality

- In the present study, 08 AAQ stations were identified in the CEPI impact area to cover both upwind and cross wind directions and AAQ survey was conducted.
- All air quality parameters are observed well within the limits as per NAAQS, 2009.
- Concentration of PM10 is observed in the range of $44.00\mu g/m^3$ to $50.0 \mu g/m^3$ and PM2.5 in the range of 12.00 to $13.00 \mu g/m^3$ at the studied locations.
- In the CEPI score calculated for Air Environment by CPCB in March 2018, the concentration of PM₁₀ has exceeded at all the studied locations and which contributed to higher air index (56.00). However, in the present report, concentration of both PM10 and PM2.5 are found below permissible levels resulted in less exceedance factor, hence lower air index (22.00).
- The calculated air index for the current study is 22.0.

Surface Water Quality

- To understand the quality of treated effluent, samples were collected from six industries
- Higher concentration of BOD and Total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN) was observed in two of the surface water samples collected, which may be due to domestic wastewater, sewage, other localized activities.
- All the industries in Navi Mumbai region are either reusing the treated trade effluent as sewage in their process or gardening.
- In the CEPI score calculated for Water Environment by CPCB in March 2018, concentration values of total phosphorus were higher and exceeded at all the studied locations as observed in the present study also.
- In the present study, the water index has been calculated as 42.5.

Ground Water Quality

- Six ground water samples were collected from different Dug well, well and Borewell in the region.
- Ground water of the studied regions was found to be safe for drinking with a very low concentration of fluoride, TDS, iron, chromium and other general as well as carcinogenic parameters.
- In the CEPI score calculated for Land Environment by CPCB in March 2018 also there is no critical pollutant exceeding in any water sample collected.
- The land environmental pollution index for the current study is calculated as 8.5.

CEPI Score

- The CEPI Score pre-monsoon season is 43.6.
- During calculation of CEPI score, water Index is calculated highest with 42.5, followed by the Air index as 22 and Land Index 8.5. The parameters of surface water and ground water in Navi Mumbai region is well within the limits. Hence, aggregated CEPI score is calculated as 43.6, which is lower than the CPCB CEPI score 2018 i.e. 66.32.
- In CEPI score of CPCB 2018, the air index and water Index was higher as compared to the present (pre-monsoon 2025) indices.
- As per the CPCB CEPI calculation revised in 2016, Health statistics represented by Receptor C in CEPI Calculation, also plays an important role.
- For analysing the health data collected from hospitals, more than 10% increase in water borne disease cases is observed in the consecutive years of 2022-2023 and 2023-2024. Hence score for receptor C is considered as 10 for ground as well as surface water environments.
- Collective efforts of regional office of MPCB, NMMC, administration and environmental organizations are resulting in significant reduction in pollution level.
- Efforts taken to reduce the pollution level is represents factor D in CEPI Calculation, which also affects the overall CEPI score.
- The present study is the compilation of pre-monsoon season, which results in dilution of environmental samples resulting in lower pollution load, hence also affects the total score.
- In conclusion, approximately 34% decrease in CEPI score is observed from 66.32 in 2018 to 43.6 in June 2025.

11. Efforts taken by MPCB to Control and Reduce Environmental Pollution Index

- Drive against open burning of biomass, crop residue, garbage, leaves, etc.
- Organic Waste Compost Machines Malls, Infrastructure projects, Large scale hospitals & Hotels has installed OWC.
- Waste collection and segregation centres: Provided by NMMC at all wards.
- Construction of Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP): 1 CETP of 27 MLD capacity is already operational and complied.
- Installation of CEMS installed for Air and Water in Large and Medium scale RED category industries: 63 Nos. of unit has installed CEMS & connected to CETP server.
- Arrangement of scientific collection and treatment of sewage generated: 04 Nos of STP having total capacity as 256.5 MLD with adequate capacity of collection sumps are provided by NMMC.
- Installation of CAAQMS station: Total 4 Nos. (1 old + 3 new) of CAAQMS stations are operational.
- Number of Monitoring stations under National Water Quality Monitoring Programme (NWMP): 1 (Vashi Creek at Vashi Bridge).
- Steps are taken for industrial area/other units to recycle 100% treated effluent to achieve Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD): 11 Nos of Industries has adapted ZLD.
- Steps are taken to reduce dust emission: Concretization of Roads and twice daily sweeping of Roads by NMMC authority. Presently NMMC has proccured Nos. of fogging machines. NMMC is already having 6 Nos. of mechanical sweeping machines.
- Around 1 lakh trees are planted in last one year.
- To reduce air pollution, Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation has purchased 210 Electrical buses and 120 CNG Buses
- The average monthly Air Quality Index (AQI) of last six months is reported in the range of 55-156 in the industrial area of Taloja, which indicates satisfactory to moderate level of air pollution in that area.
- Moreover, it is proposed to install air purifiers at 20 locations in Navi Mumbai area.
- It is also proposed to install 08 Dust Suppression systems in Navi Mumbai area.
- Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation has introduced last mile connectivity concept through introducing e-Bicycles via M/s YULU Bikes Pvt. through Navi Mumbai. A total of 616 cycles/ebikes have been provided for the citizens at 96 stands. A total of 3.77 km of Cycle tracks have been created in various places in the Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation area.
- Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation has developed 120 km Concrete roads and 500 km Asphalt roads in the city. Also concreting of 19 junctions has been completed. Daily cleaning of roads in the city area is done by 06 mechanical sweepers and 2646 manual sweepers.

- Domestic fuel burning has been controlled and PNG connection is being provided to maximum domestic and industrial customers through Maha nagar Gas Limited.
- With reference D.O.No.:CAP-2023/CR-170/TC-2, Dated 27/10/2023 by Hon. Principal Secretary, Environment & Climate Change Department (Government of Maharashtra), Guidelines for Air Pollution Mitigation have been circulated to Navi Mumbai Municipal Corporation. In this regard, Navi Mumbai to various Municipal Corporation has issued notices Construction Builders, RMC plants, Stone Quarries and other sensitive departments are potentially high air polluting sources. NMMC has issued 496 Intimation Notices, 18 Show Cause Notices and 17 Stop Work Notices till date.
- Water sprinkling system at internal and outer road.
- Construction material on open space covered with green net / Tarpaulin.
- Road cleaning and sweeping.
- Vehicles carrying muck/Debris covered with tarpaulin.
- Barricades around the construction sites and its extension with
- Sensor based air monitoring for AQI.
- CCTV installation at sites for different activities.
- AQI by 3rd party vendor.
- Preparing Daily checklist for Dust mitigation control.



Dust Suppression Vehicles with Multi-Purpose Sprayer



NAVI-MUMBAI: 1,25,000+ saplings of 60+ different native species planted



NAVI-MUMBAI: PNG Crematorium



C&D Plant - 150 TPD



25 Street Shows, 25 stall setups, 104 society workshops & 160 Door to Door Awareness campaigns



Procurement of Electric Buses & EV Charging Stations



Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) Van



Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station (CAAQMS)

12. Photographs





Ambient Air Sampling 103 Sector, Kopar Khairne

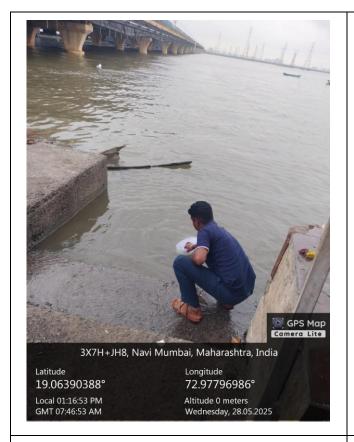


Ambient Air Sampling 701 Thane Belapur Rd, Chinchpada, Airoli

Ambient Air Sampling D-3/CL, MIDC Industrial Area, Turbhe



MIDC Industrial Area Mahape



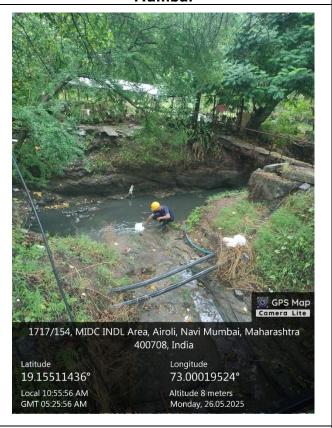


Surface water sampling Navi Mumbai



Surface water sampling B-6 Sector 20 B, Sector 20, Airoli, Navi Mumbai

Surface water sampling Airoli, Navi



Surface water sampling 1717/154, MIDC INDL Area, Airoli, Navi Mumbai





Ground water sampling Turbhe MIDC Industrial Area, Sanpada Navi Mumbai



Ground water sampling EL216, Electronic Zone, Mahape, Navi Mumbai

Ground water sampling Electronic Zone, Industrial Area, Mahape Navi Mumbai



Ground water sampling 89-2, MIDC Industrial Area, Turbhe, Navi Mumbai

Annexure - I Health Related Data

HEALTH STATISTICS

Required for Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI)

Maharashtra Pollution Control Board (MPCB), MAHARASHTRA

Name of the Polluted Industrial Area (PIA)	NAVI MUMBAI
Name of the major health center/ organization	Minatai thakre hospital
Name and designation of the Contact person	Navi mumbai, Nerul.
Address	Navi mymbai Nerul.

		No. of Patients Reported		
S No.	Diseases	Year 2023	Year 2024	
IRBORN	NE DISEASES			
1.	Asthma	85	102	
2.	Acute Respiratory Infection	284	134	
3.	Bronchitis	93	46	
4.	Cancer	O	0	
VATERB	ORNE DISEASES			
1.	Gastroenteritis	388	172	
2.	Diarrhea	46	10	
3.	Renal diseases	03	01	
4.	Cancer	0	0	

Date: 10 02 2025.

- मांसाहेब मिनाताई ठाकरे रुग्णालय, नेरुळ नवी मुंबई महानगरपालिका.

HEALTH STATISTICS

Required for Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI)

Maharashtra Pollution Control Board (MPCB), MAHARASHTRA

Name of the Polluted Industrial Area (PIA)	NAVI MUMBAI
Name of the major health center/ organization	NMMC GENERAL HOSPITAL
Name and designation of the Contact person	Dr Rajesh Mhatre, Medical Superphotonden
Address	Sect-10 A, Vasho, Navi Mumbai

		No. of Patients Reported		
S No.	Diseases	Year 2023	Year 2024	
RBOR	NE DISEASES			
1.	Asthma	296	341	
2.	Acute Respiratory Infection	961	953	
3.	Bronchitis	784	883	
4.	Cancer	57	65	
ATERB	ORNE DISEASES			
1.	Gastroenteritis			
2.	Diarrhea	198	210	
3.	Renal diseases	123	125	
4.	Cancer			

Date: 14/02/25

HEALTH STATISTICS

Required for Comprehensive Environmental Pollution Index (CEPI)

Maharashtra Pollution Control Board (MPCB), MAHARASHTRA

NAVI MUMBAI
Mahatma Gandhi Mission Hospital
Shyam Yempalle
Plot No-35, sec-3, Vachi, Navi Mumbai - 4007

S No.	Diseases	No. of Patients Reported		
	Diseases	Year 2023	Year 2024	
REGR	ME DISEASES	9 10		
1.	Asthma	170	160	
2.	Acute Respiratory Infection	322	517	
3.	Bronchitis	45	2.7	
4.	Cancer	579	27 694	
ATERB	ORNE DISEASES		101239	
1.	Gastroenteritis	670	753	
2.	Diarrhea	10	2.5	
3.	Renal diseases	760	680	
4.	Cancer	579	694	

Date:

Signature

SHYAM YEMPALLE MANAGER - HR & ADMIN

MGM NEW BOMBAY HOSPITAL, VAS